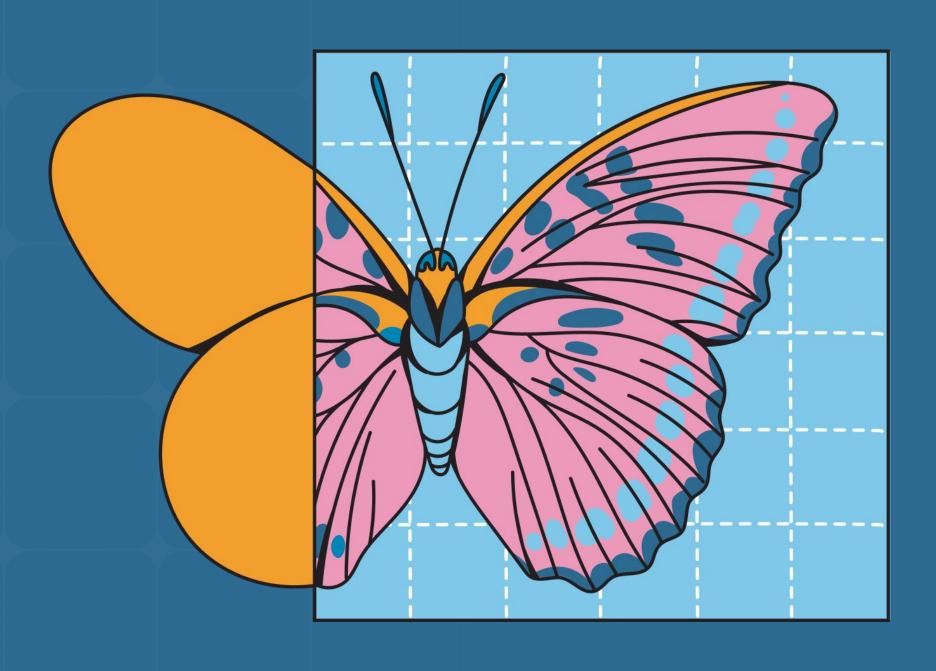
Solar Layouts: Beyond the Drawing

Seems simple at first, but there's more to it than meets the eye



PVFARM

What people typically think when they hear "Solar Layout"...

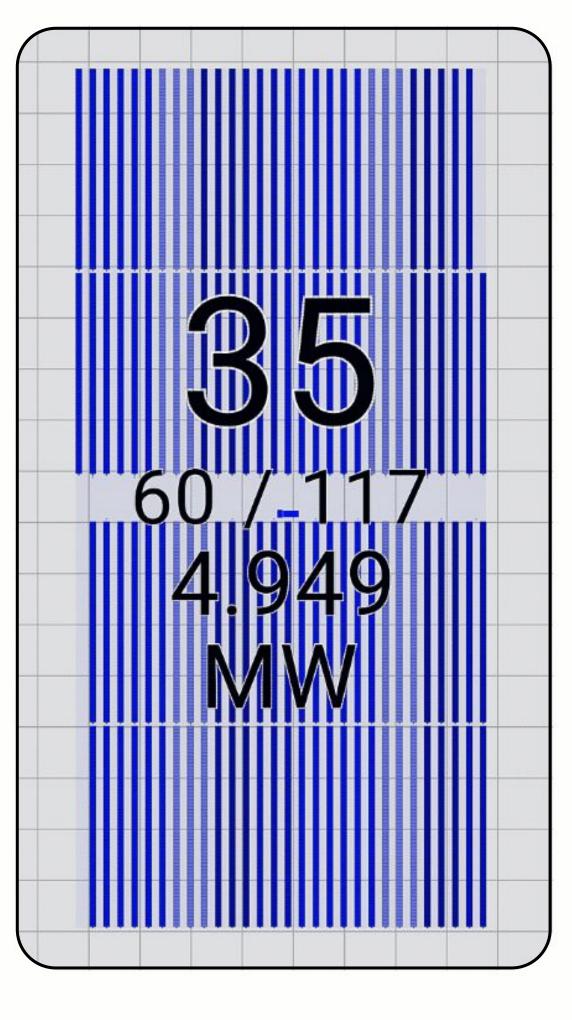
Site area			
Location 31° 4	7' 6" -106° 29' 42" N	∕leteodata ✓	
Buildable area	1180.98 ac		
Footprint	1017.12 ac		
Equipment			
PV modules	372070.80 kW	527760	
CSI Solar CS7N-705TB-AG 705.0 W	372070.80 kW	527760	
GCR	0.43		
Any trackers	372070.80 kW	8796	
OuraTrack HZ v3 CS7N-705TB-AG	372070.80 kW	8796	31 32
ow to row	18.00-30.00 ft		
Combiner boxes		1525	33 34 35 36 37
OC Combiner Box 1500V 405.0 A		1525	3 4 Victor of the Contract of
nverters		80	
Generic Central 3605 3605.0 kW 1MOD		80	
			6 7 8 9 10 11
<mark>ransformers</mark> Generic Transformer 8800.0 kW 35500.0		80	40 41 42 43 45
deficit transformer 8800.0 kw 35500.0	V	80	44 to the land to the state of
nergy			12 13 14 15 16 17 18
C total	372070.80 kW		46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55
C total	288400.00 kW		ARASISIN MARIENNIASSINI ARASISINI ARASISI ARASISINI ARASISINI ARASISINI ARASISINI ARASISI ARASISI ARASISI
C/AC ratio	1.29		19 20 21 22 23
V voltage drop	5453.87 kW	1.47 %	56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67
1V voltage drop	2323.69 kW	0.81%	24 25 24 27
ear 1 energy yield and performance	917407.71 MWh	84.59 %	45 70 70 70 70 70 70 77
pecific annual yield	2465.68 Wh/W		OB GW / U / I / Z / US
*ii1			
Civil	70//010	20754264	60 / 101 80 80 80 MALES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
renches	78668 yd3	297542 ft	4.272 MW
cut fill total	3288112.88 yd3		
Cut fill net balance	613116.09 yd3		

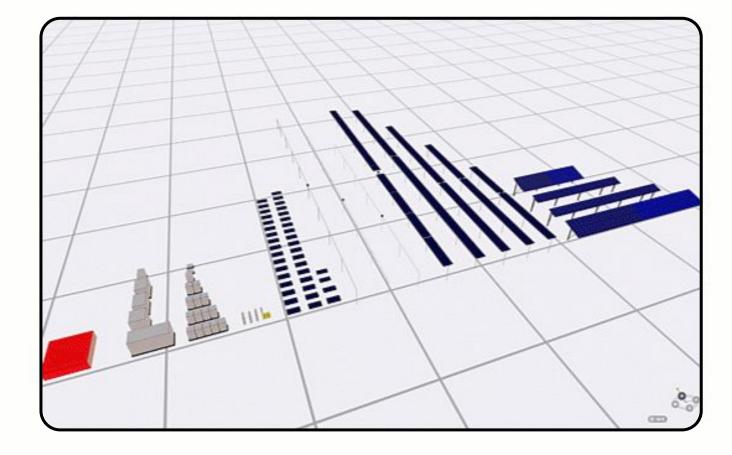
What a "Solar Layout" actually is?

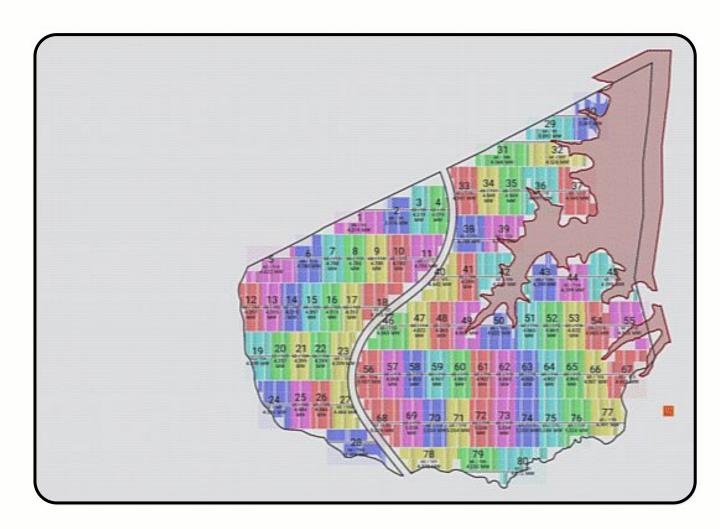
Multidisciplinary Harmony

Everything runs in sync, seamlessly connected to generate energy

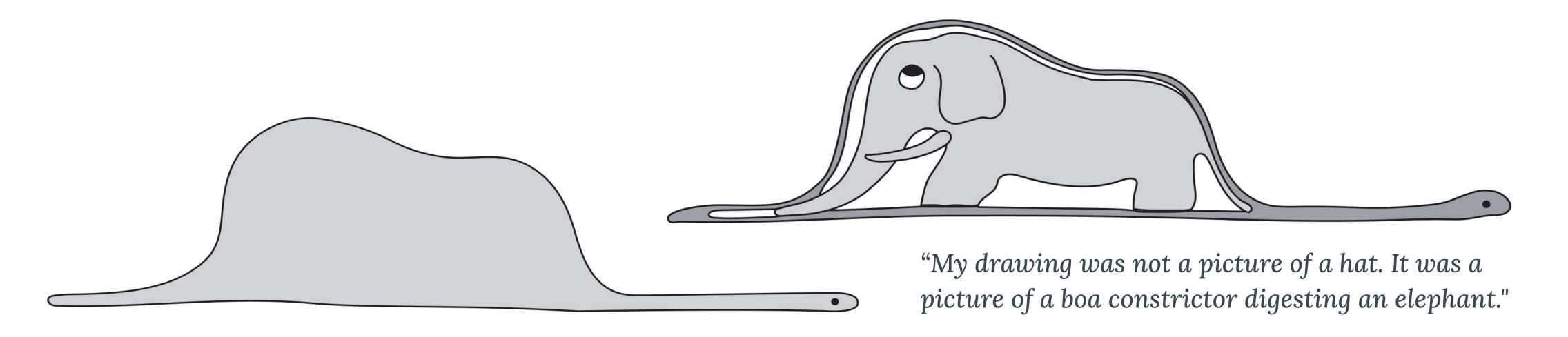


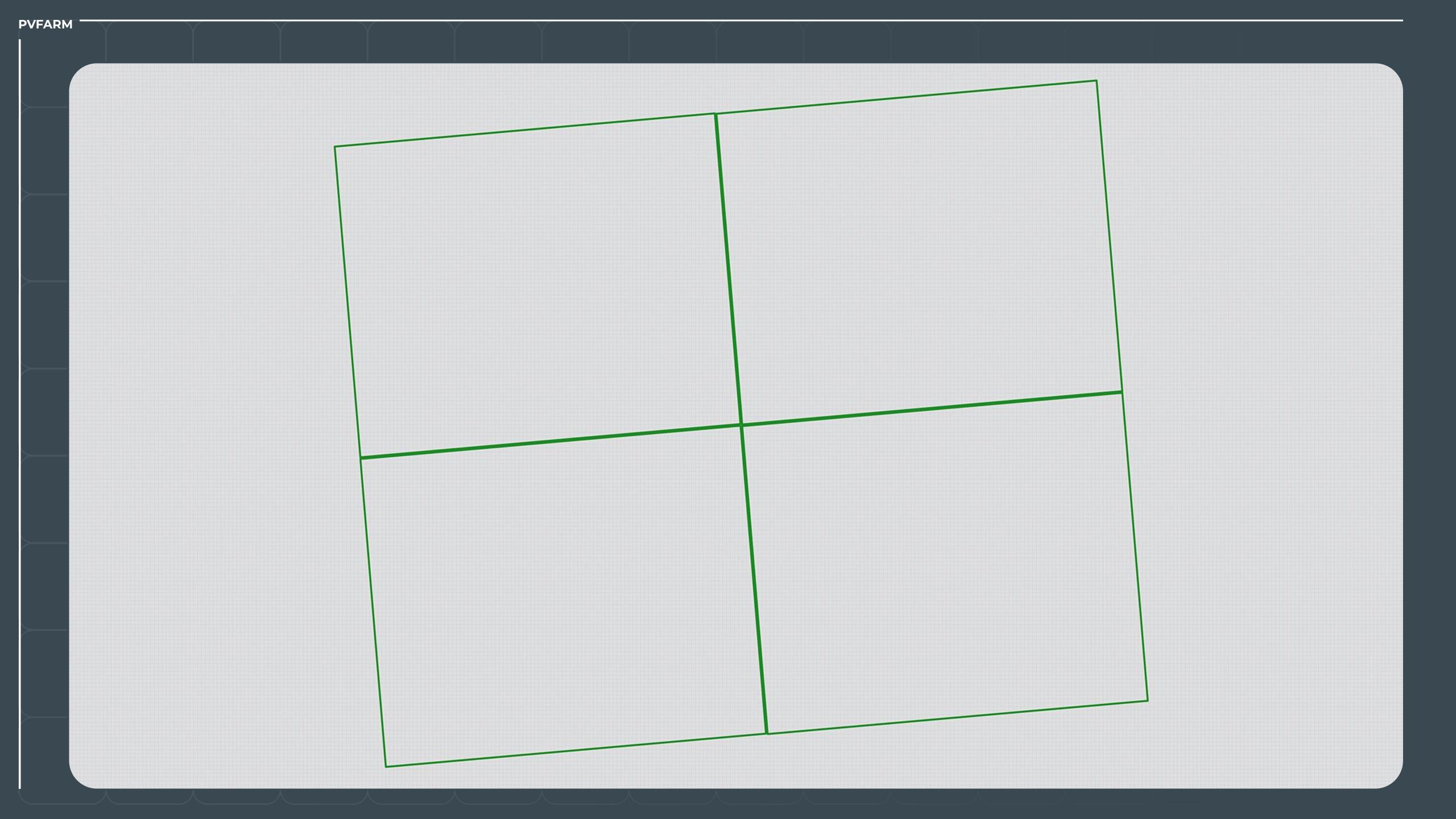




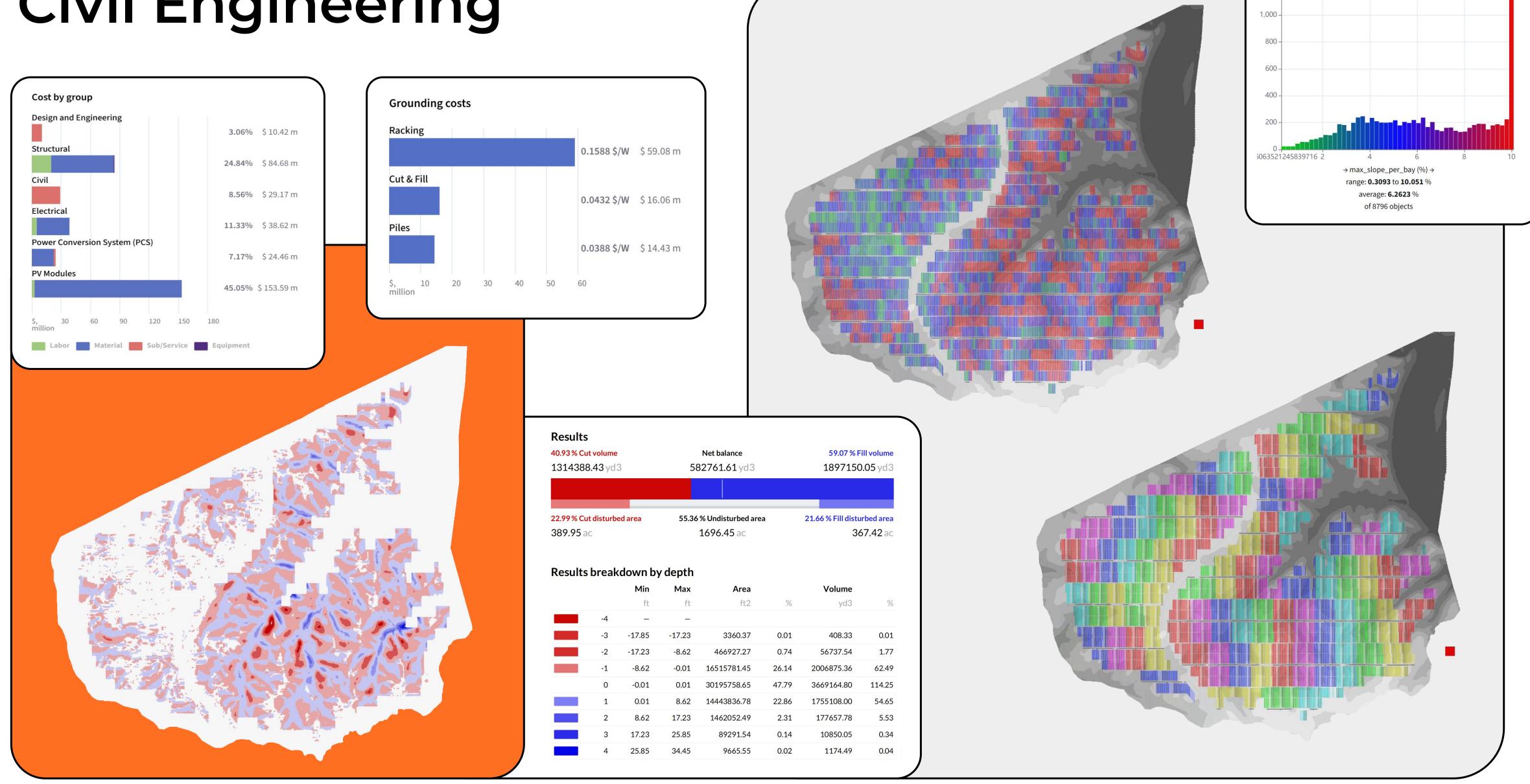


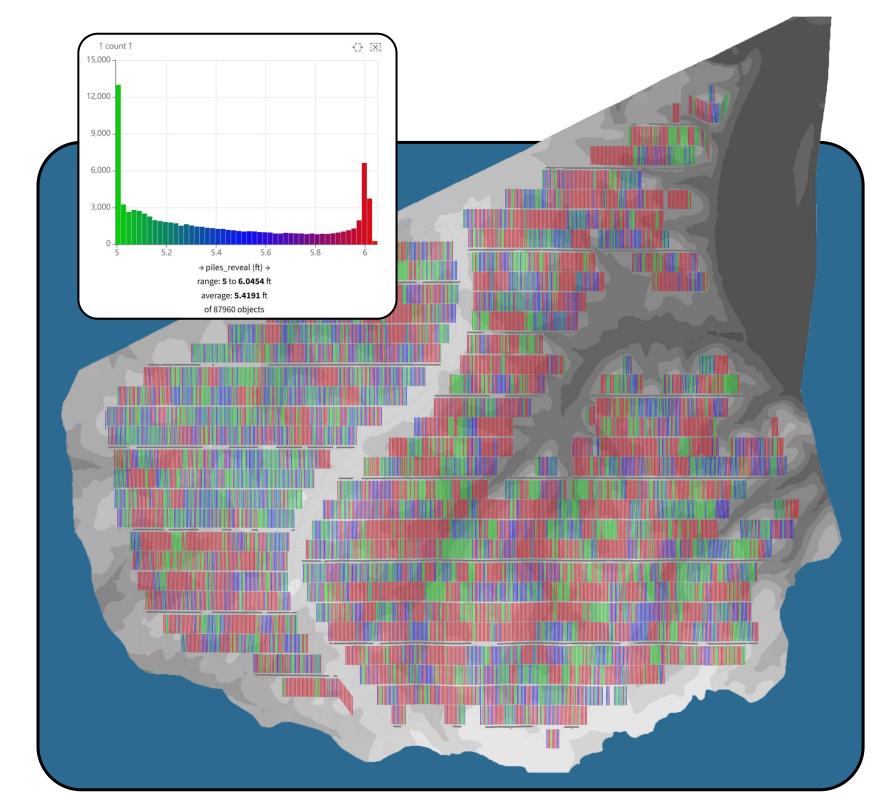
There are countless hidden considerations, making solar PV layouts deceptively simple at first glance but remarkably complex upon closer inspection

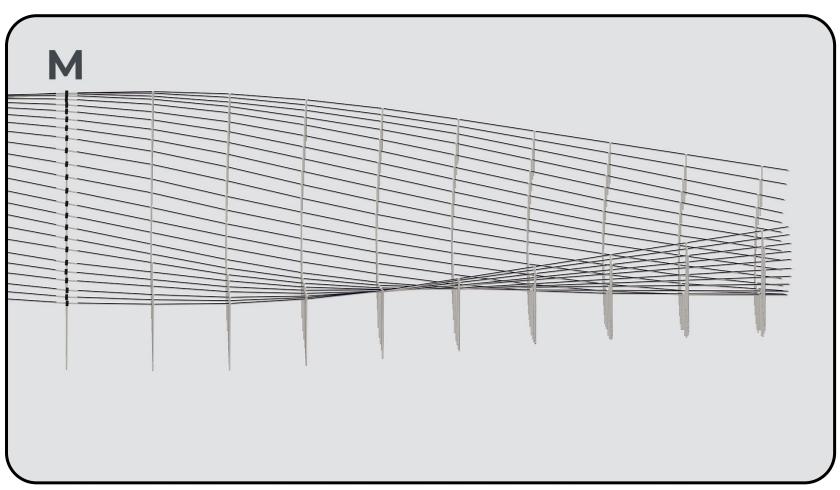


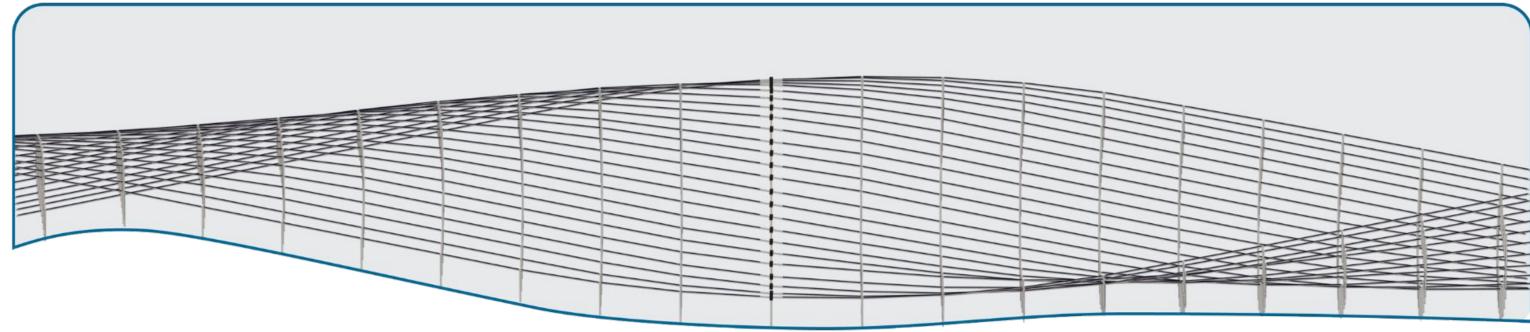


Civil Engineering

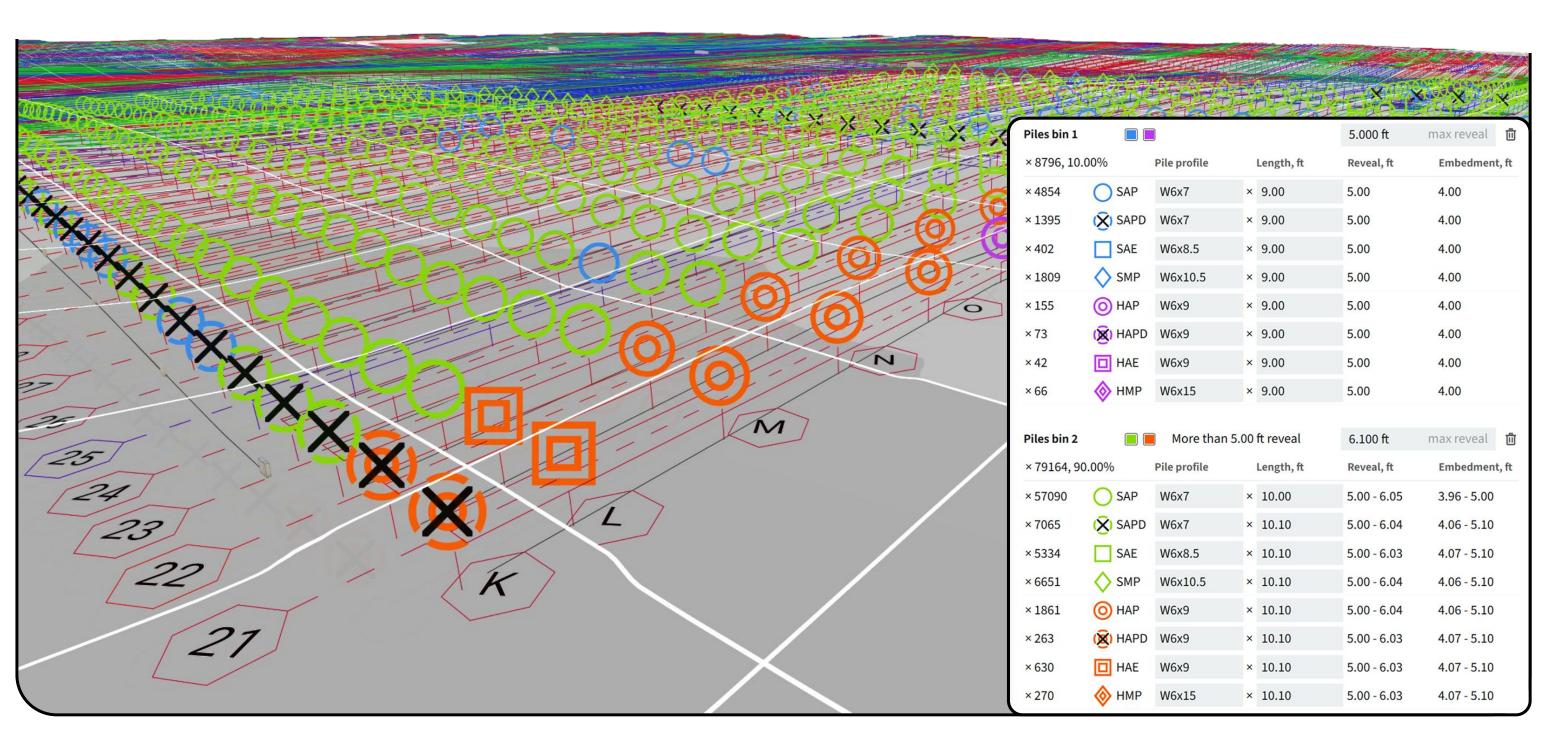


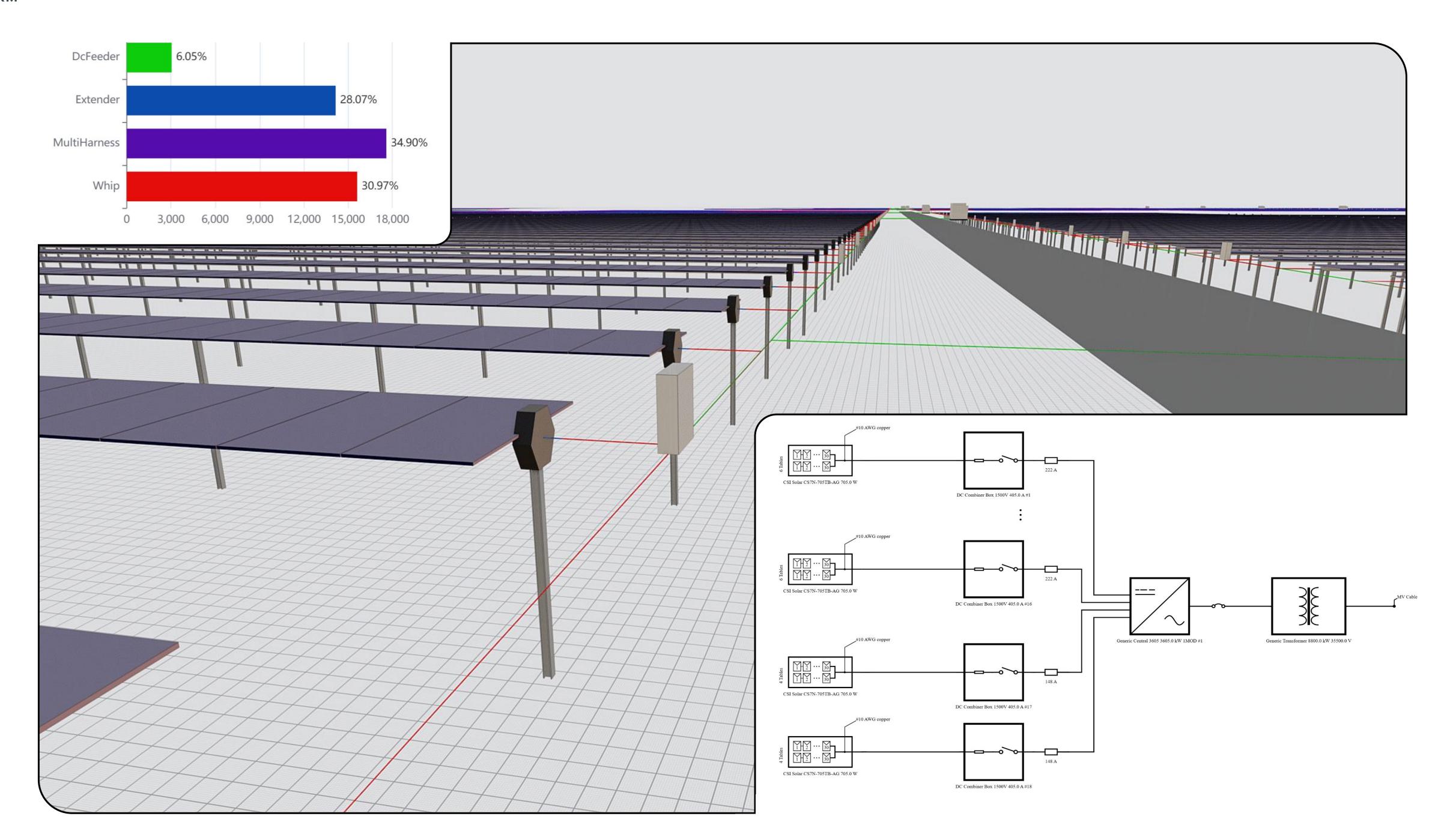






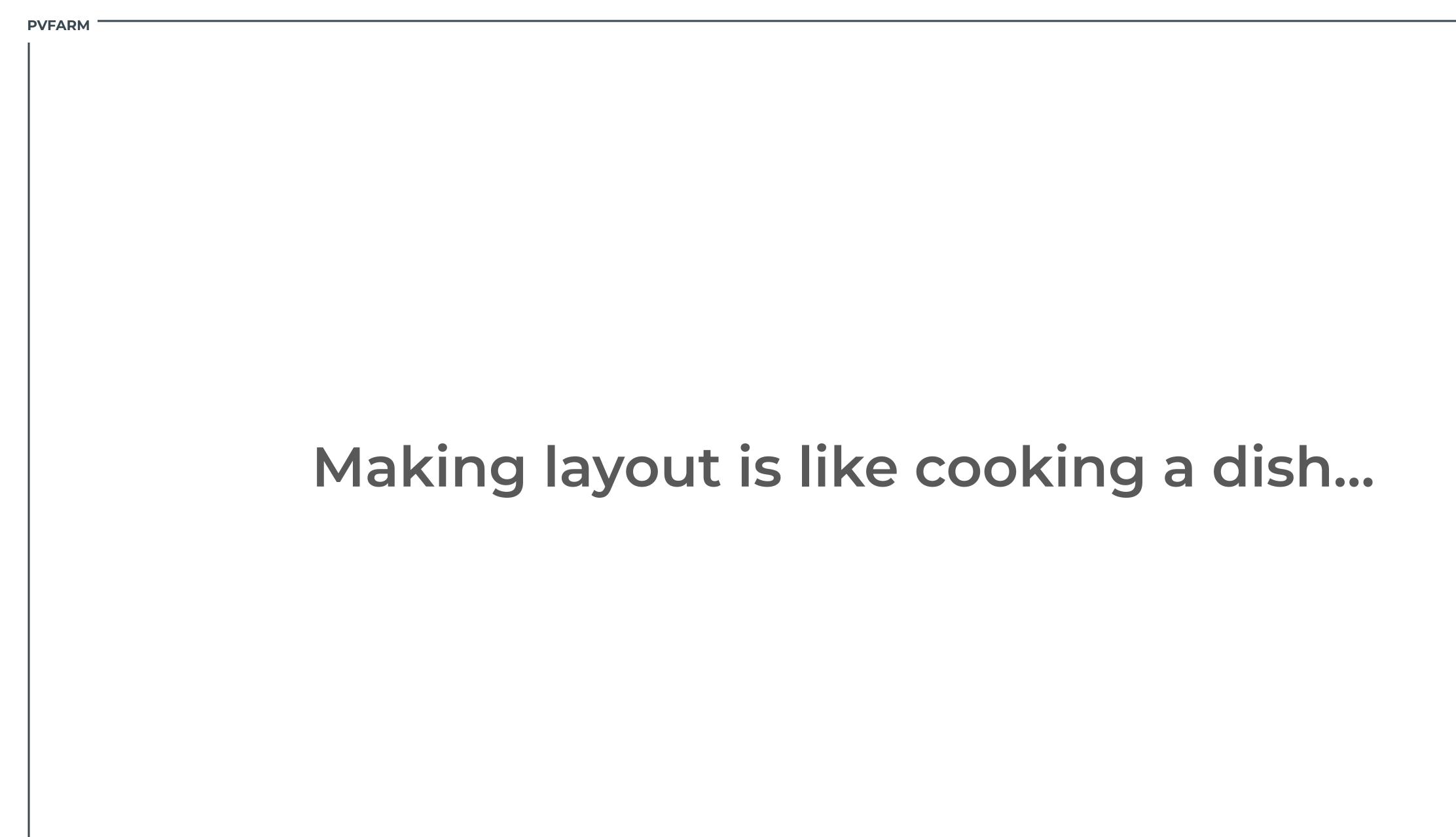
Structural Engineering





DVFADM

Presenting "Solar Layout" in PVFARM?



Layout Conditions:

Context: meteo, terrain model, hydrology...

Requirements & Restrictions: DC capacity, energy

Layout Ingredients:

Spatial objects: roads, fence, boundaries...

Equipment: modules, combiner boxes, inverters, transformers...

Electrical Groups: strings, combiner box groups, blocks, MV groups...

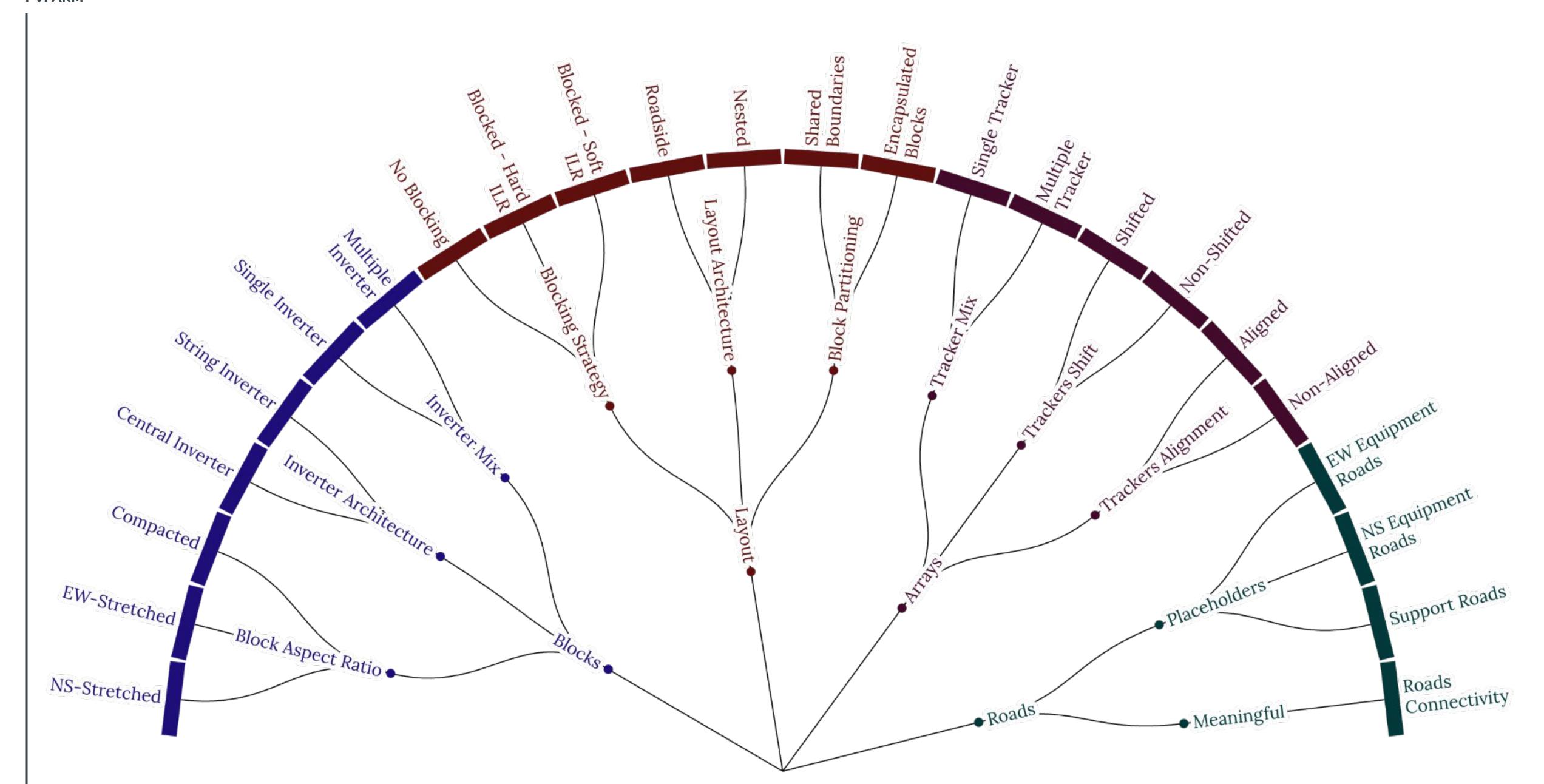
Structural Racking: SAT, FT...

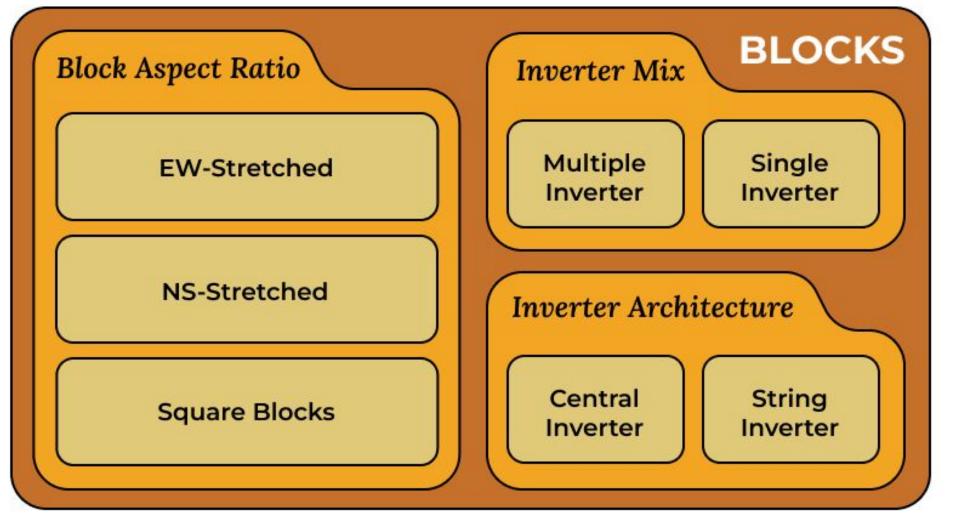
Layout Conditions + Layout Ingredients => Recipe => Layout

Solar Layouts: Key Features

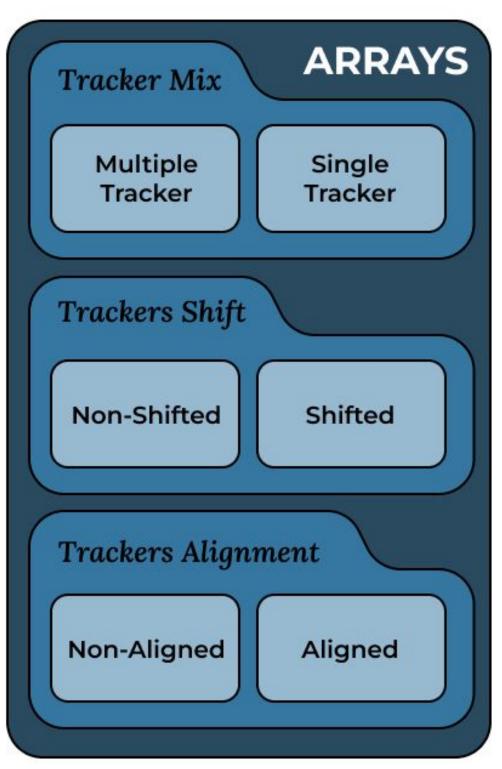
A solar layout is a carefully crafted blend of design choices, each one shaping how it all fits, functions, and flows



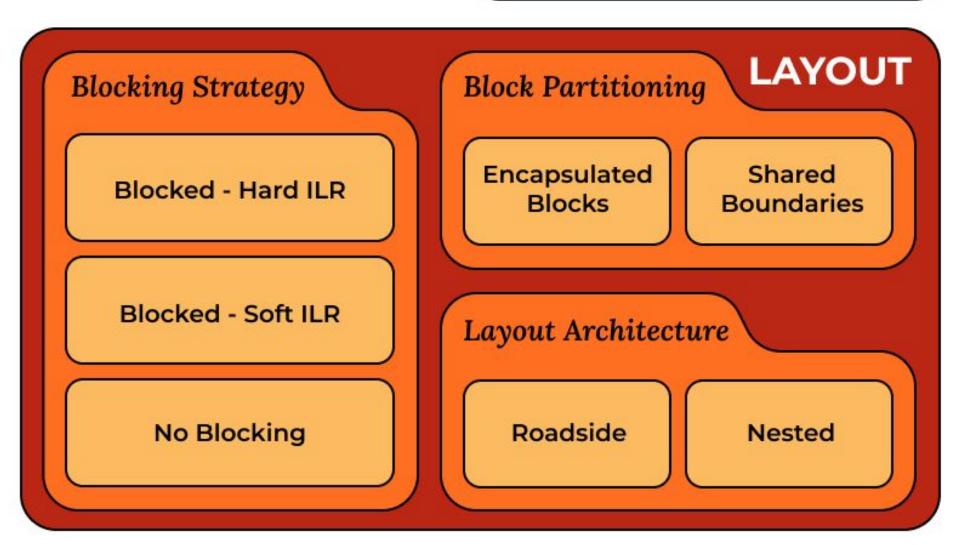




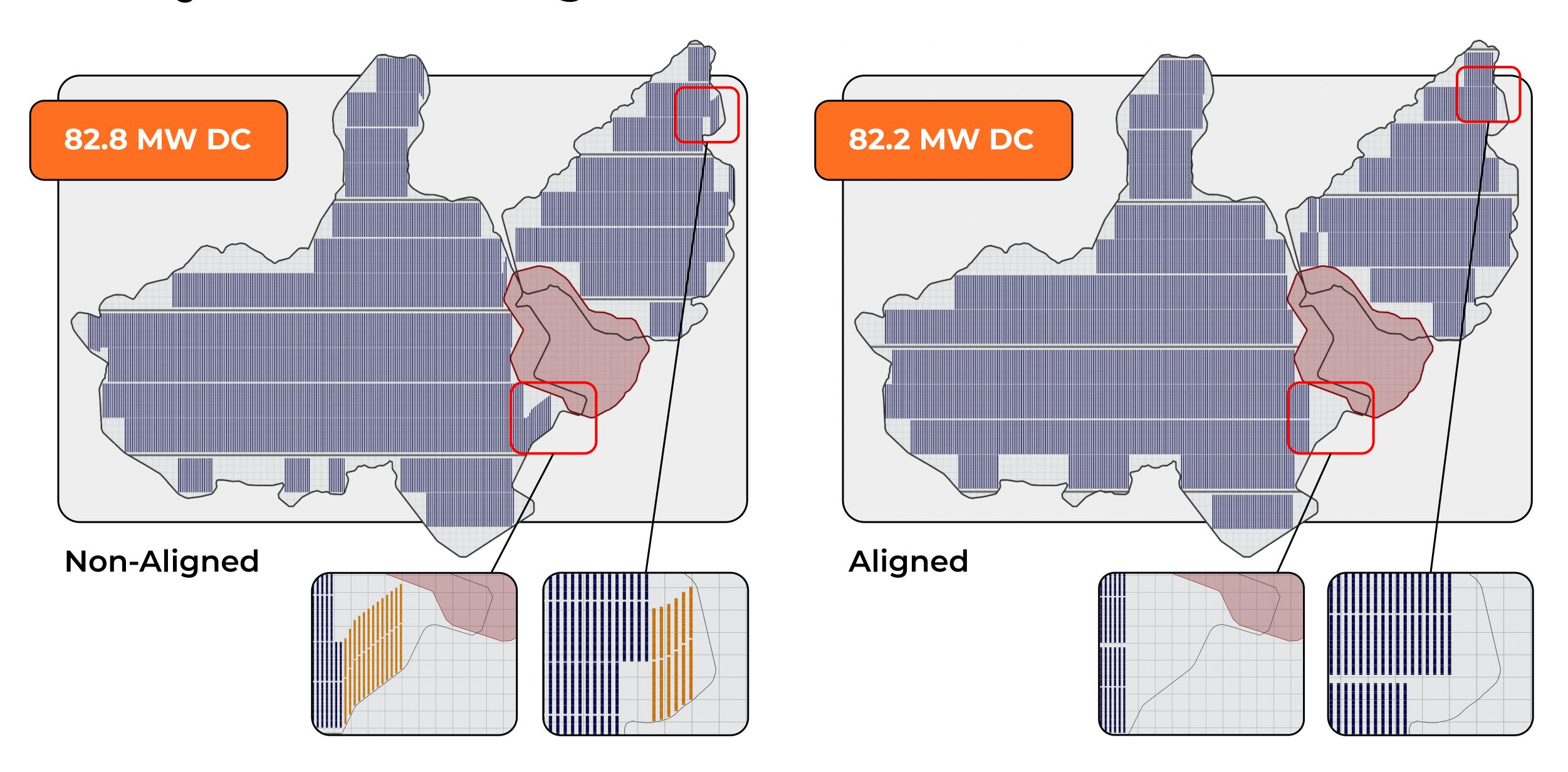




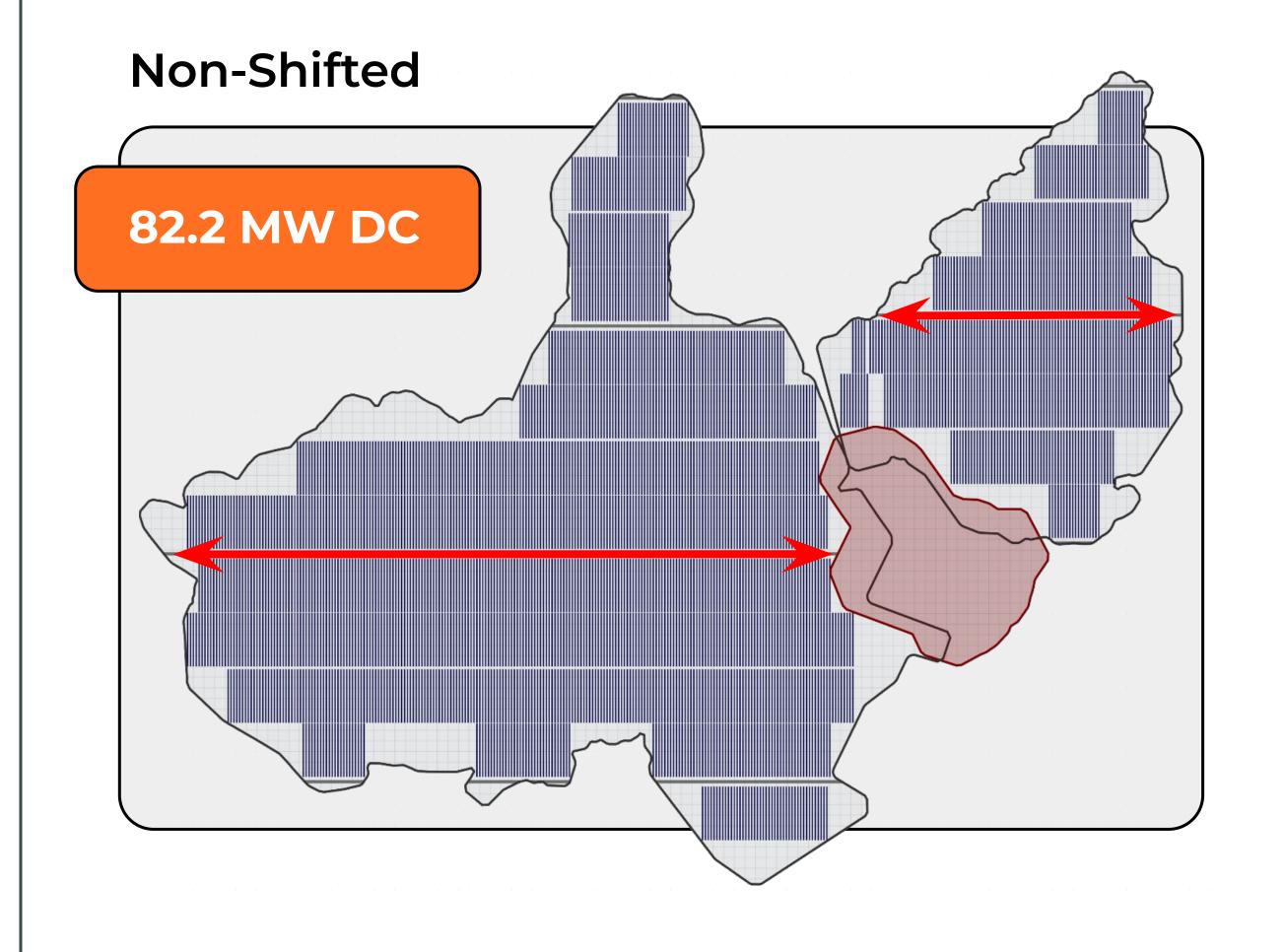
LAYOUT FEATURES

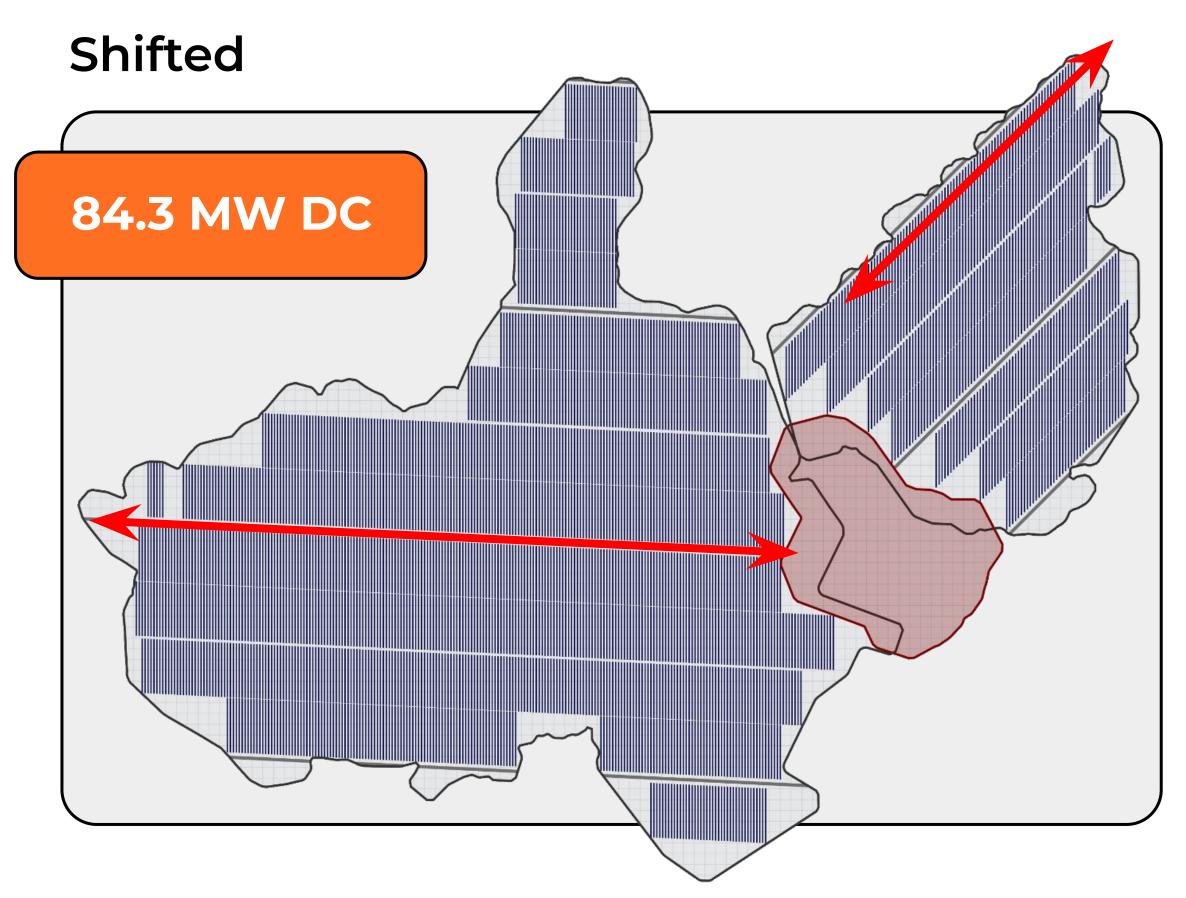


Arrays: Trackers Alignment

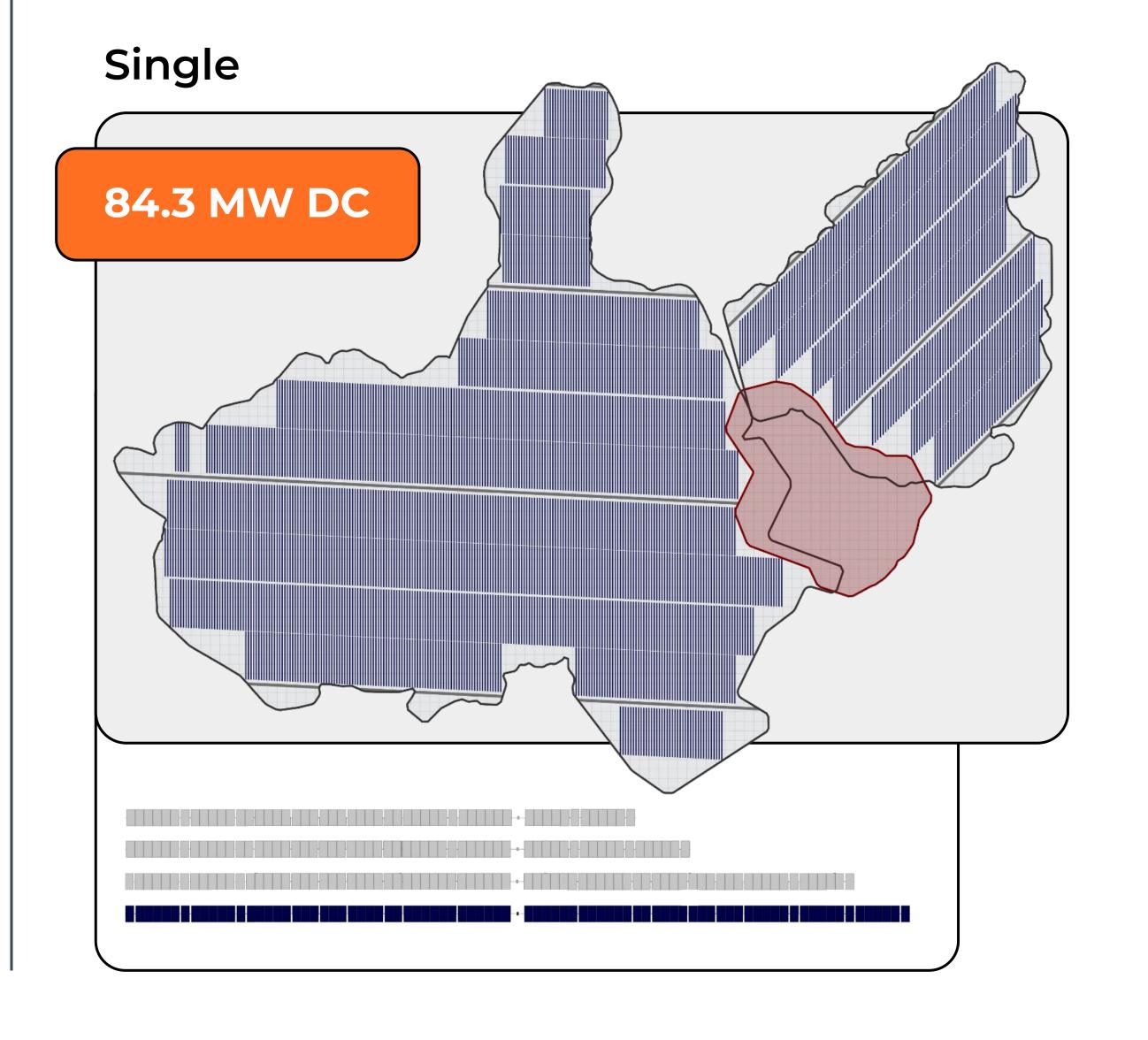


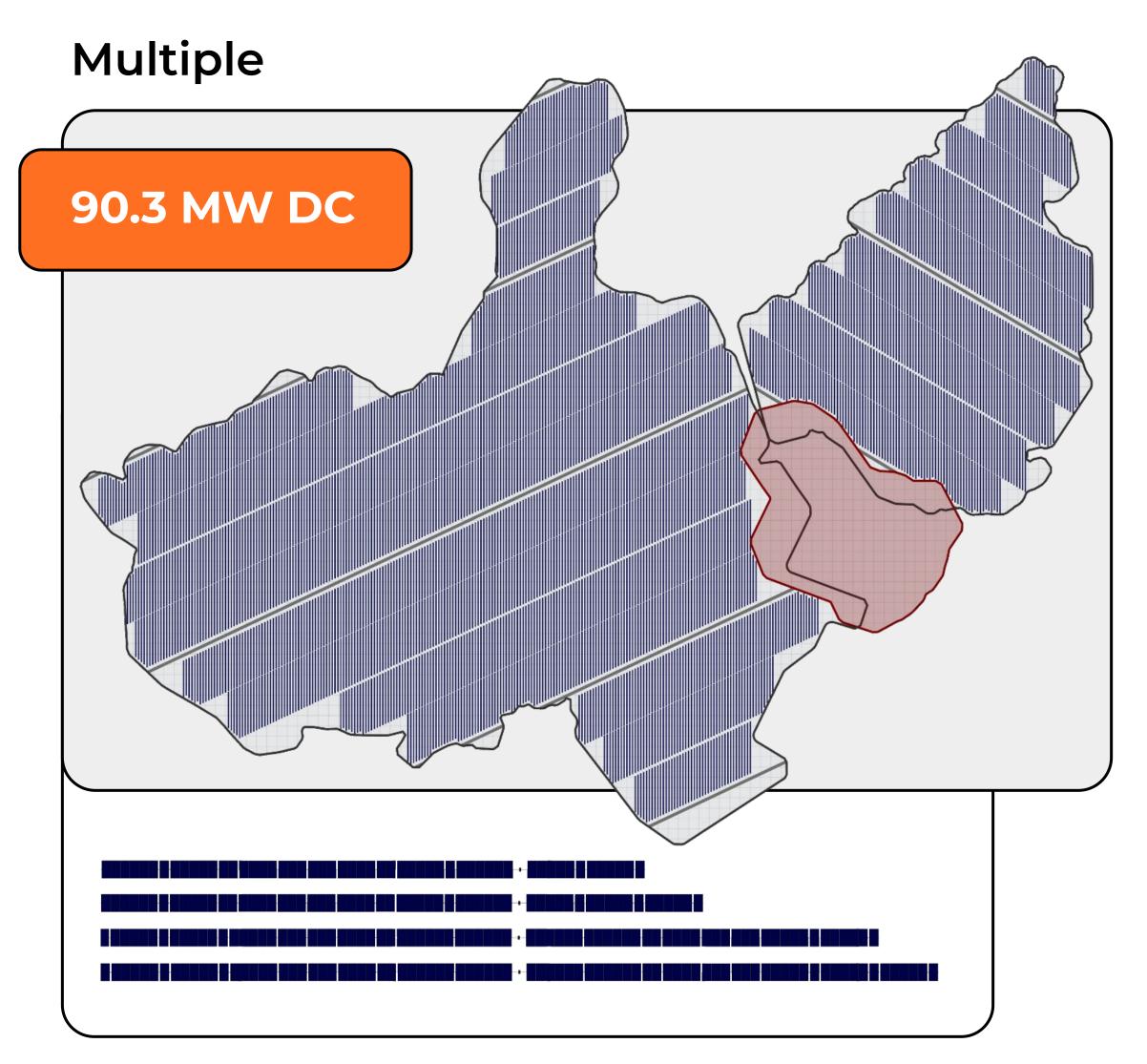
Arrays: Trackers Shift



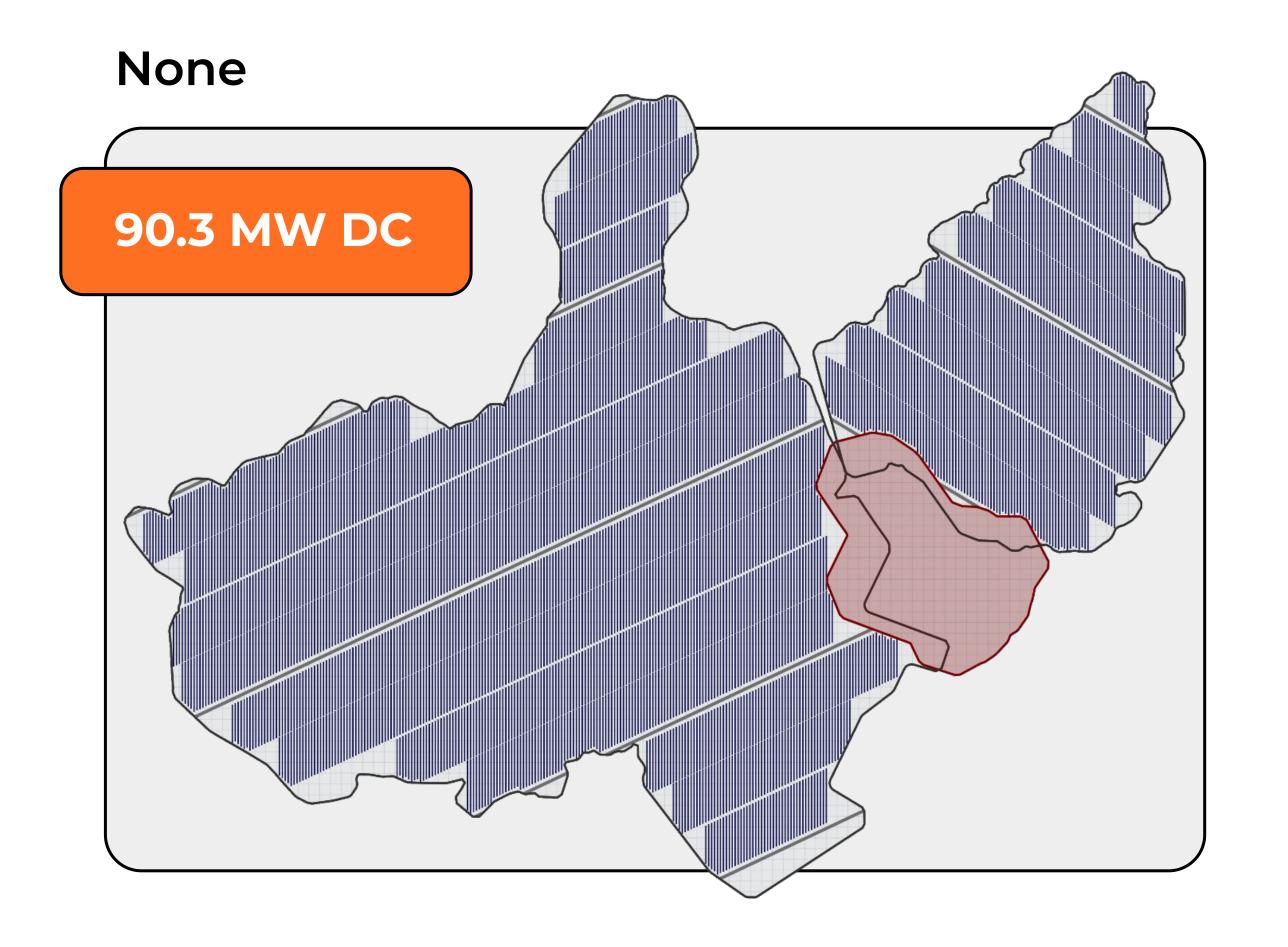


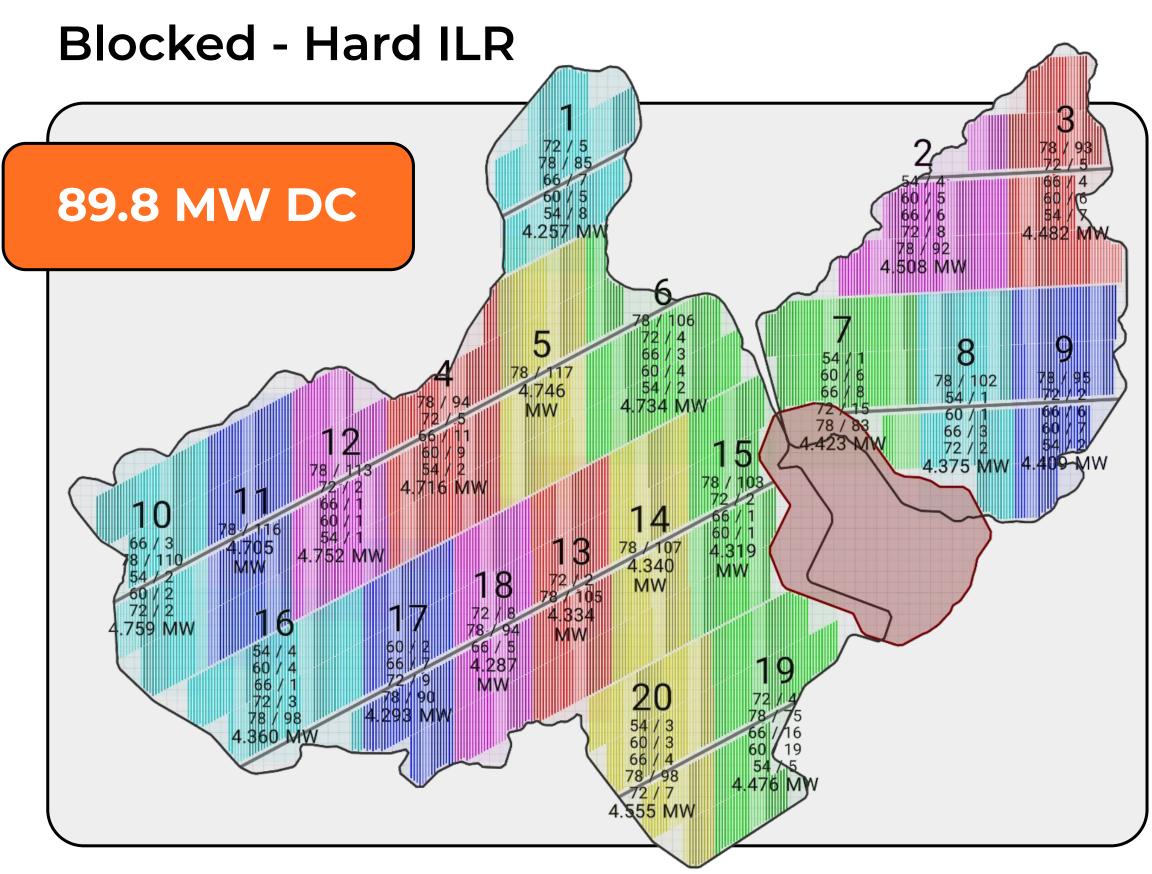
Arrays: Tracker Mix



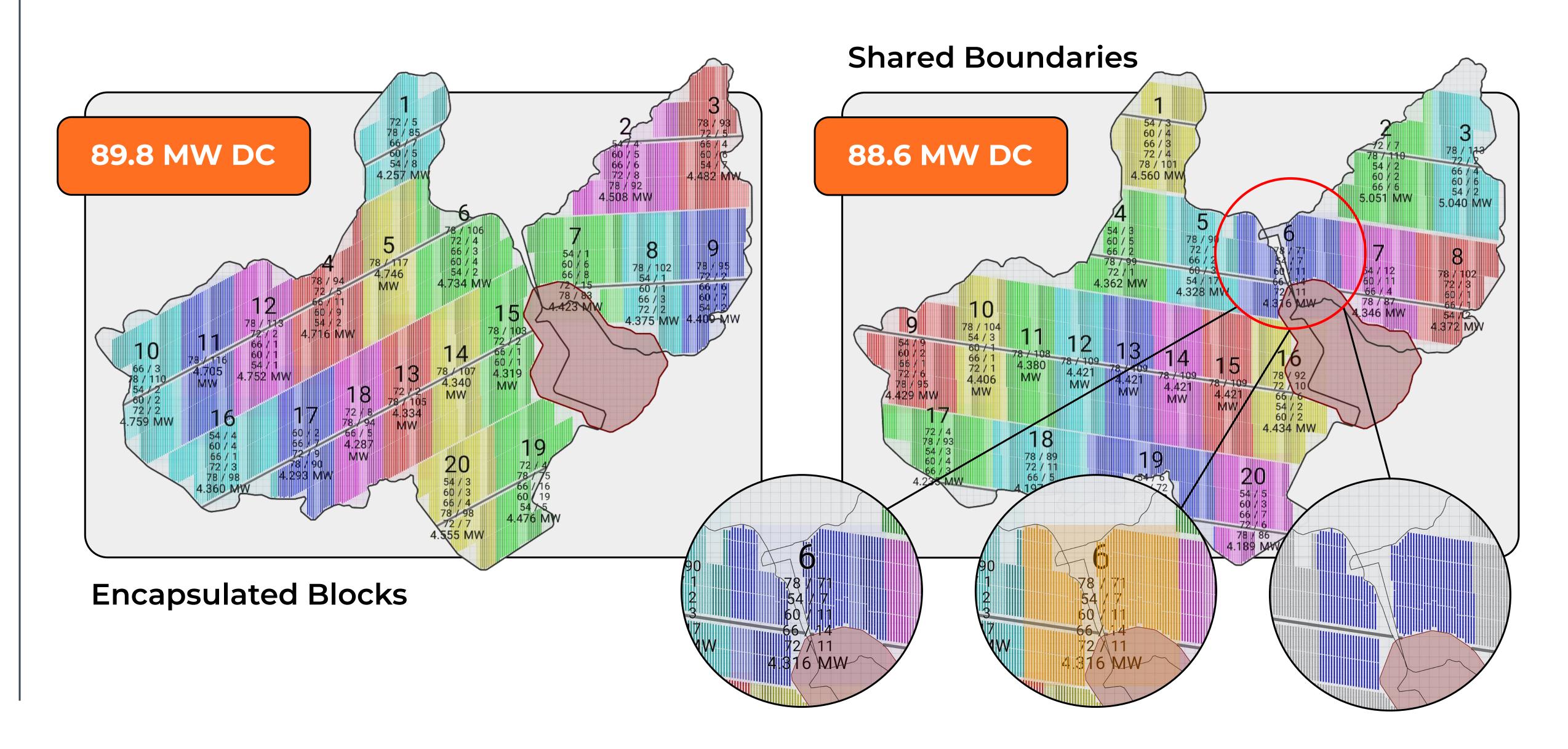


Layout: Blocking Strategy

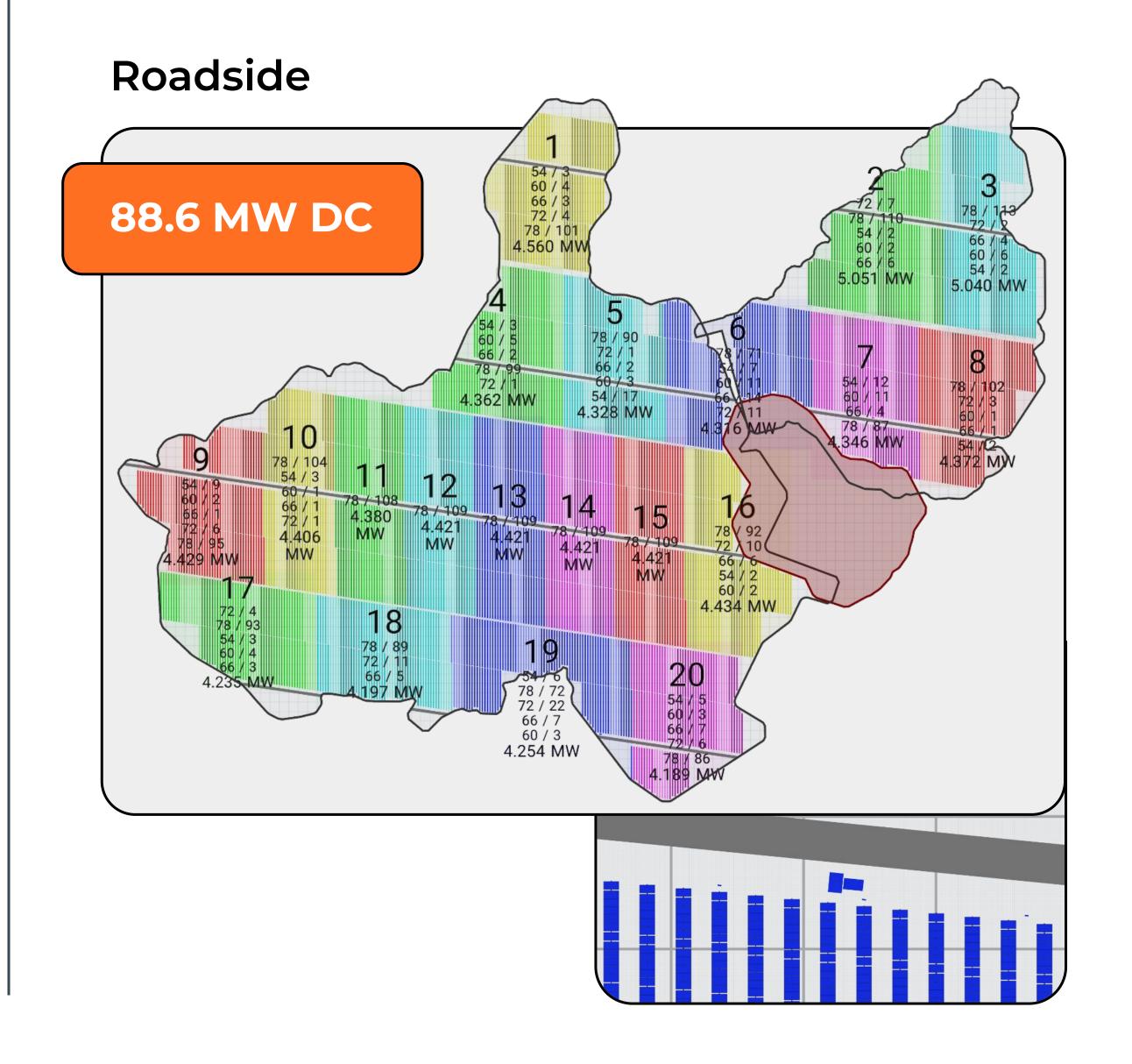


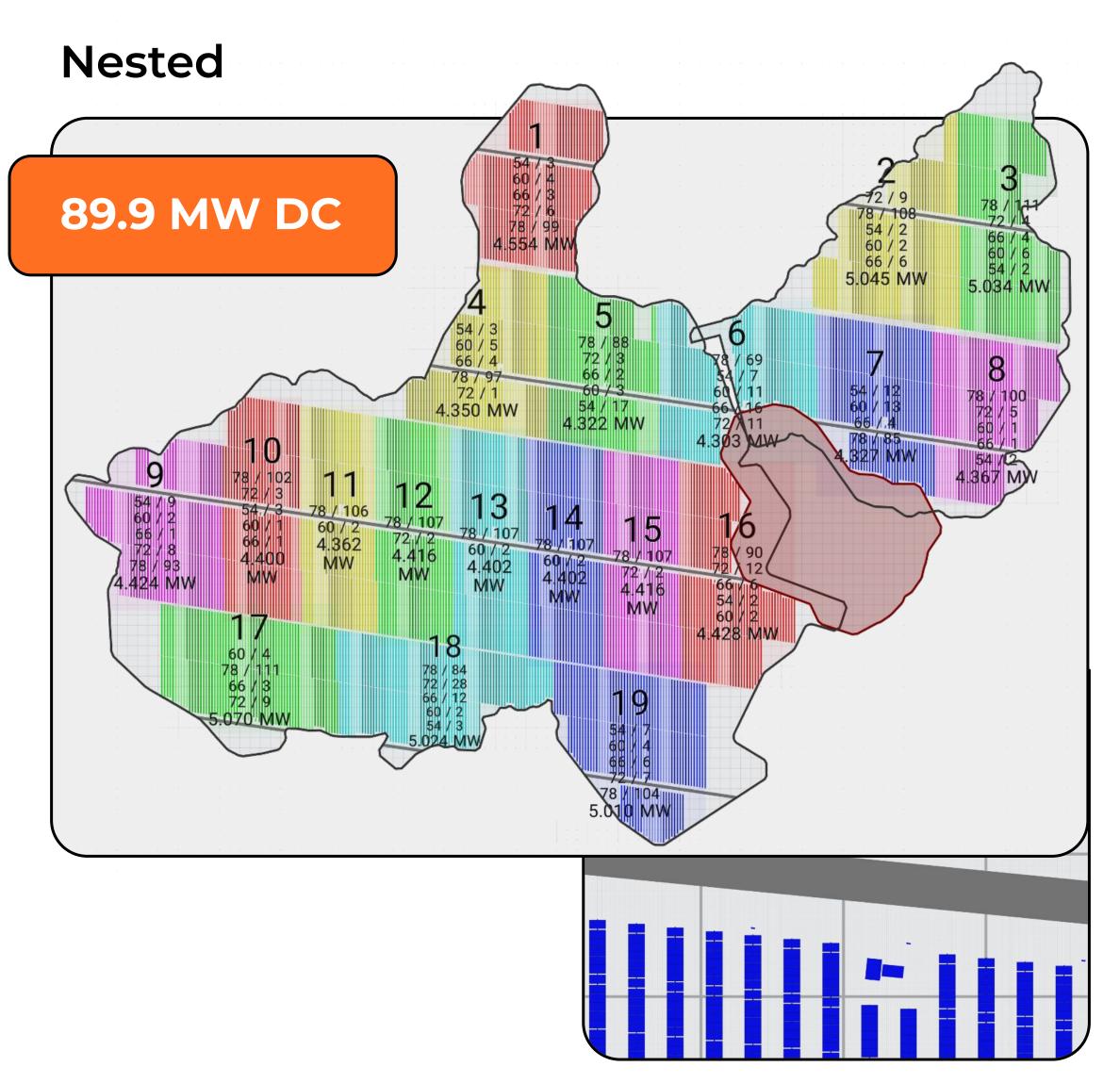


Layout: Block Partitioning

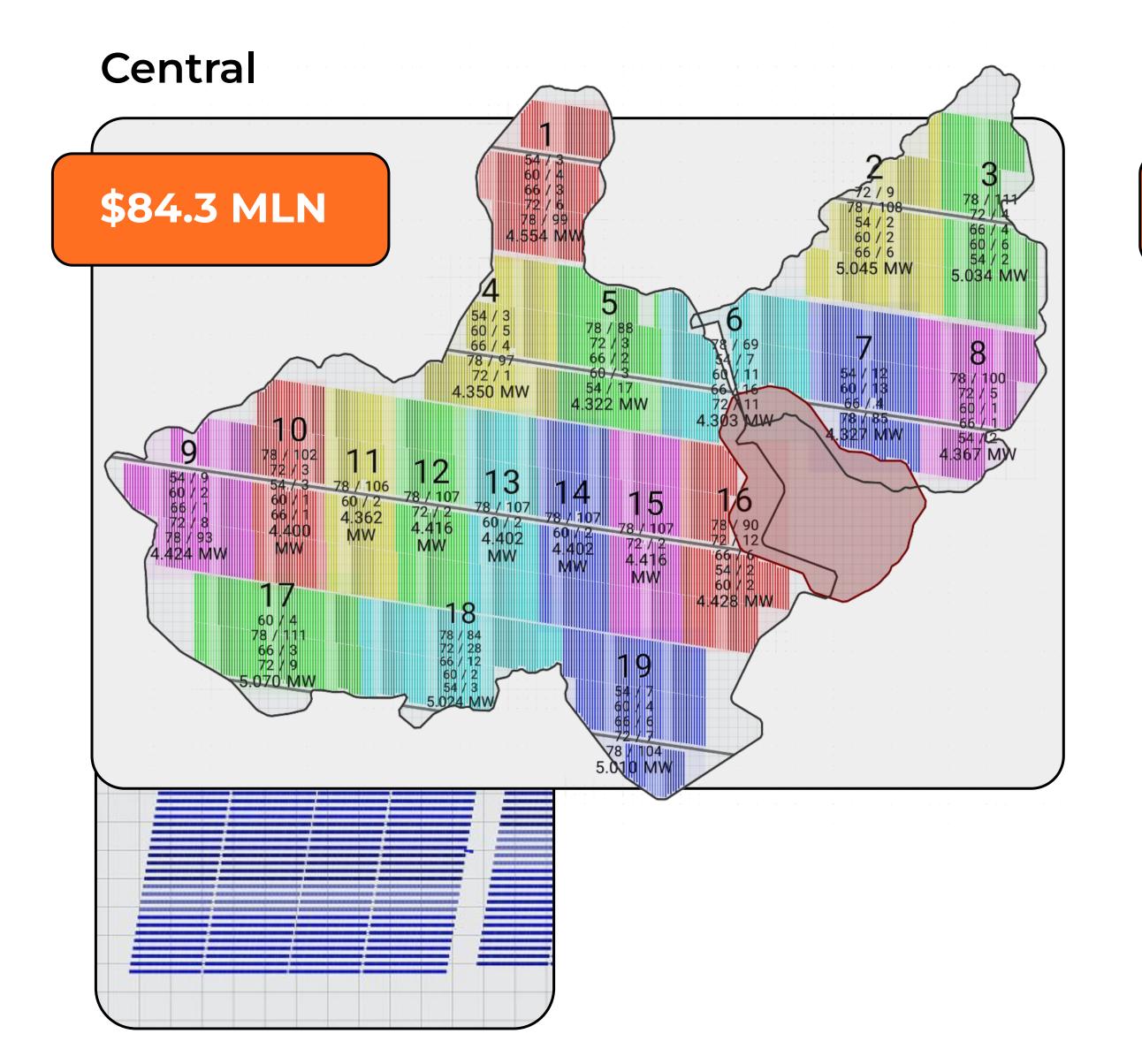


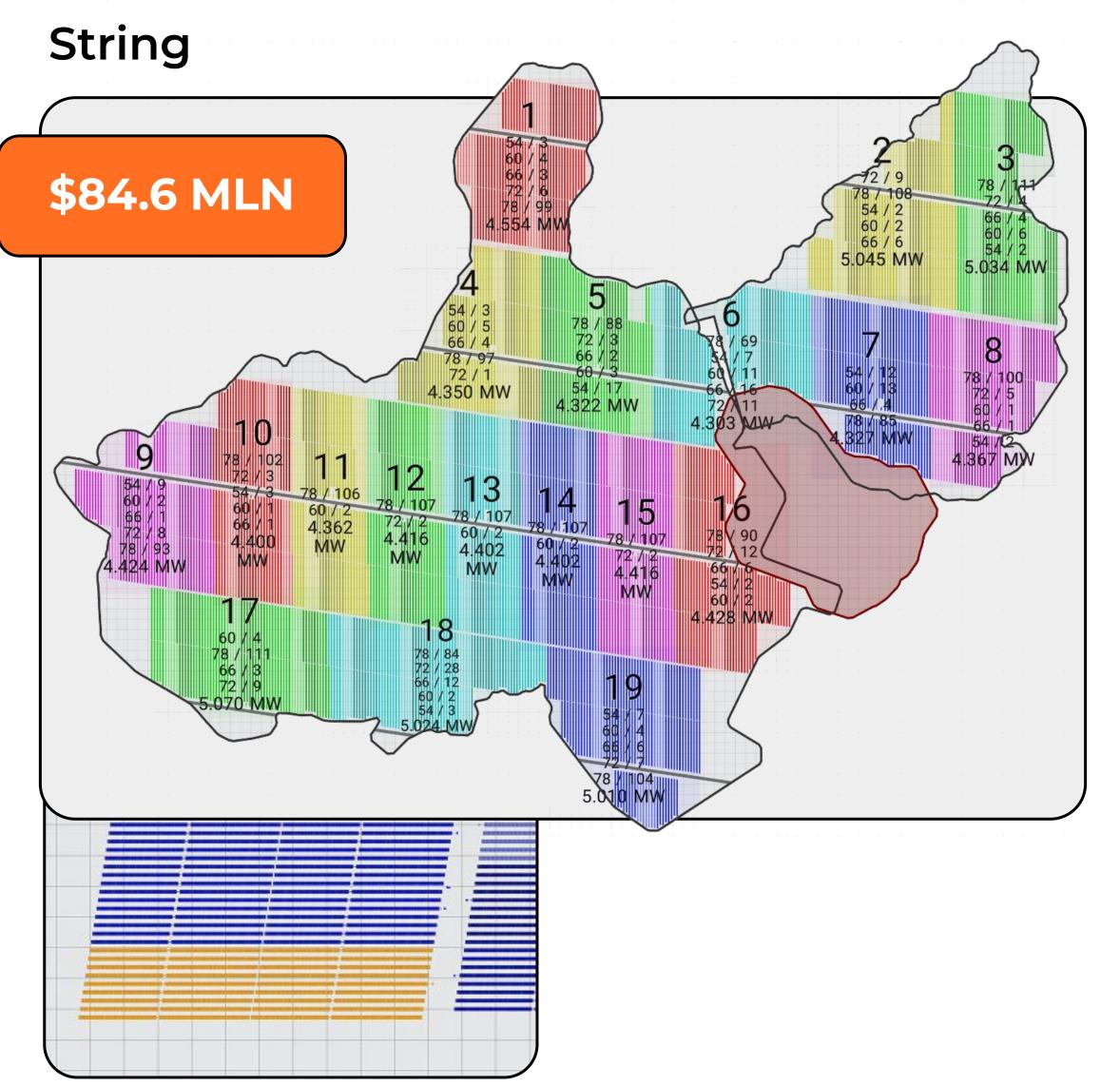
Layout: Architecture



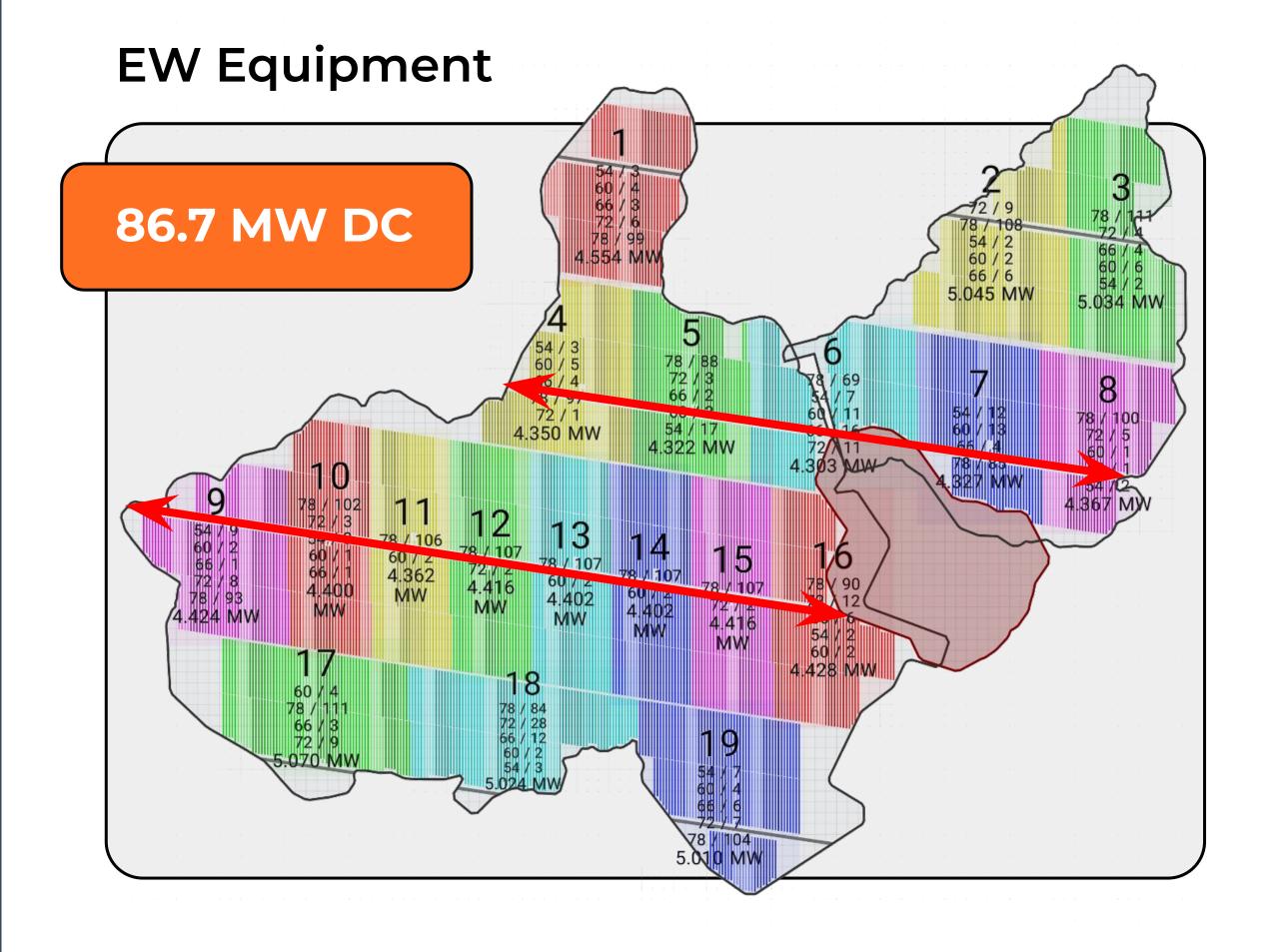


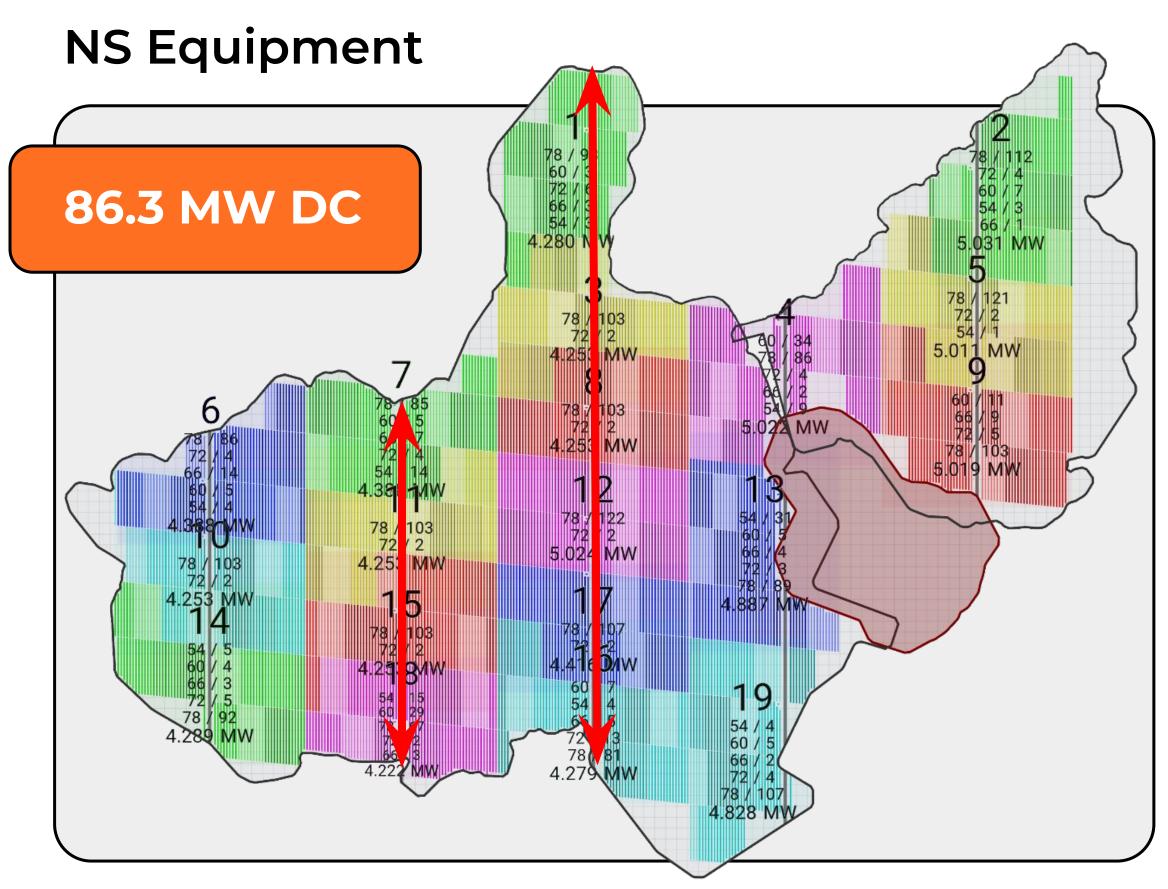
Blocks: Inverter Architecture



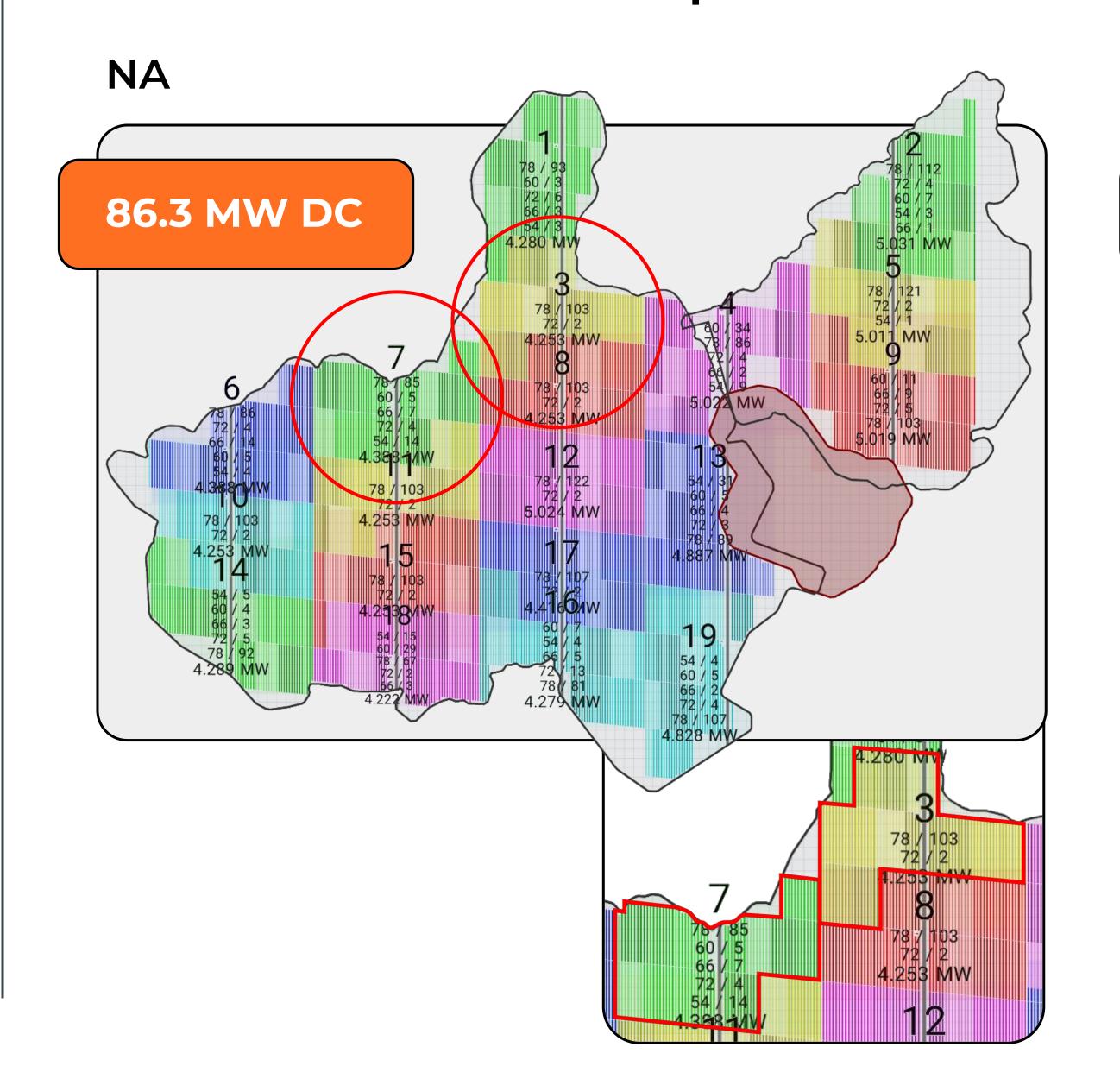


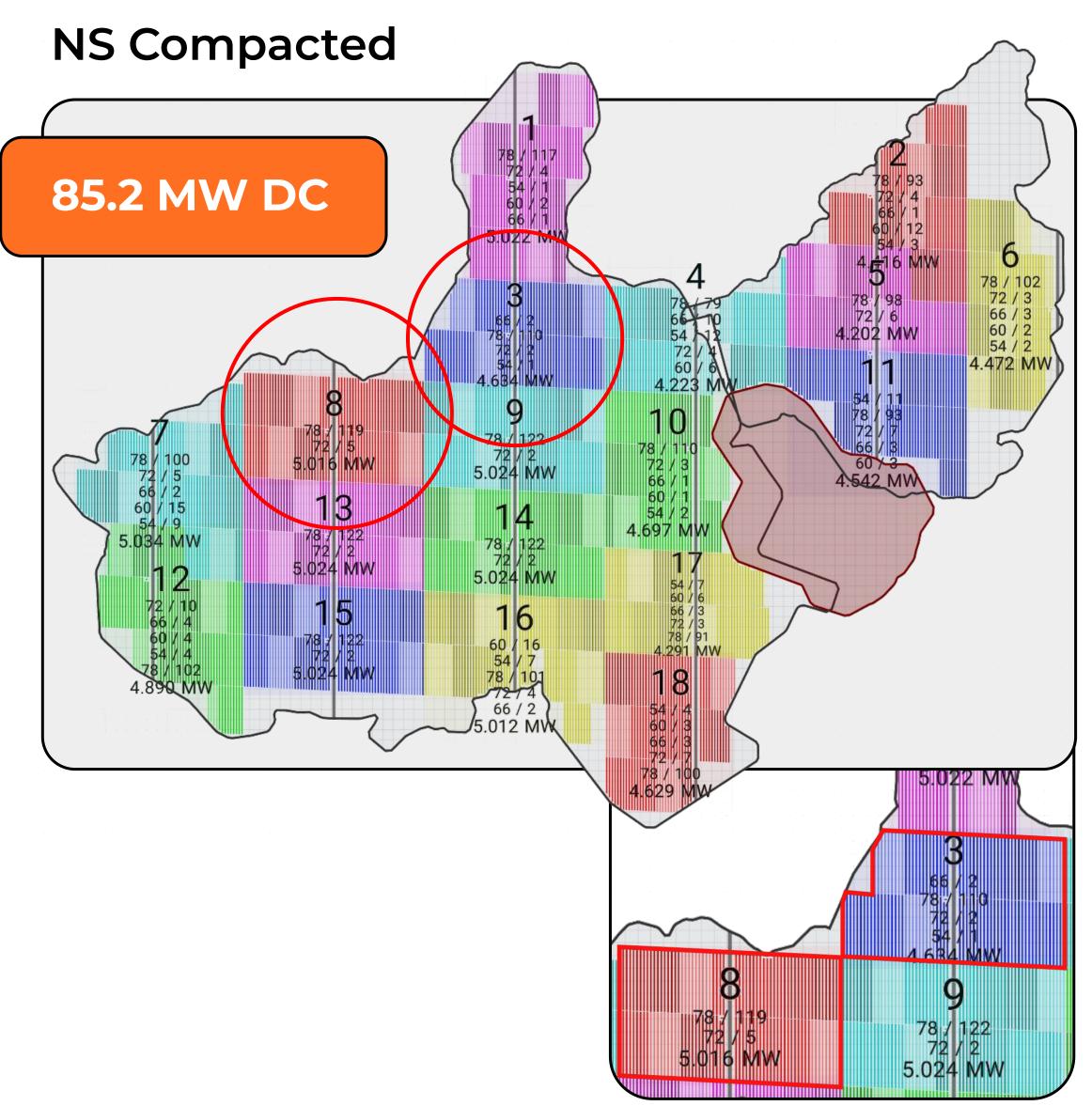
Roads: Placeholders



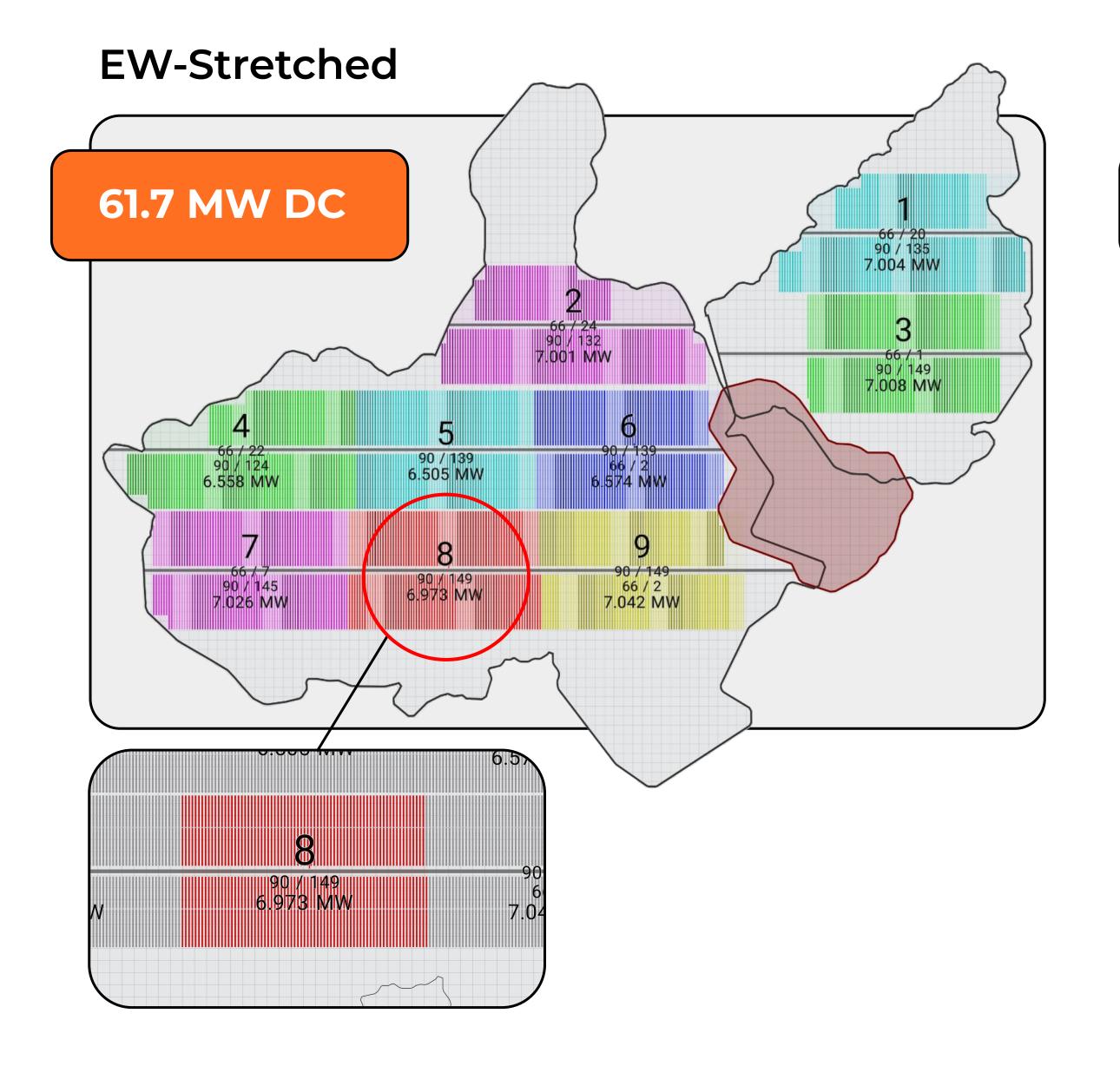


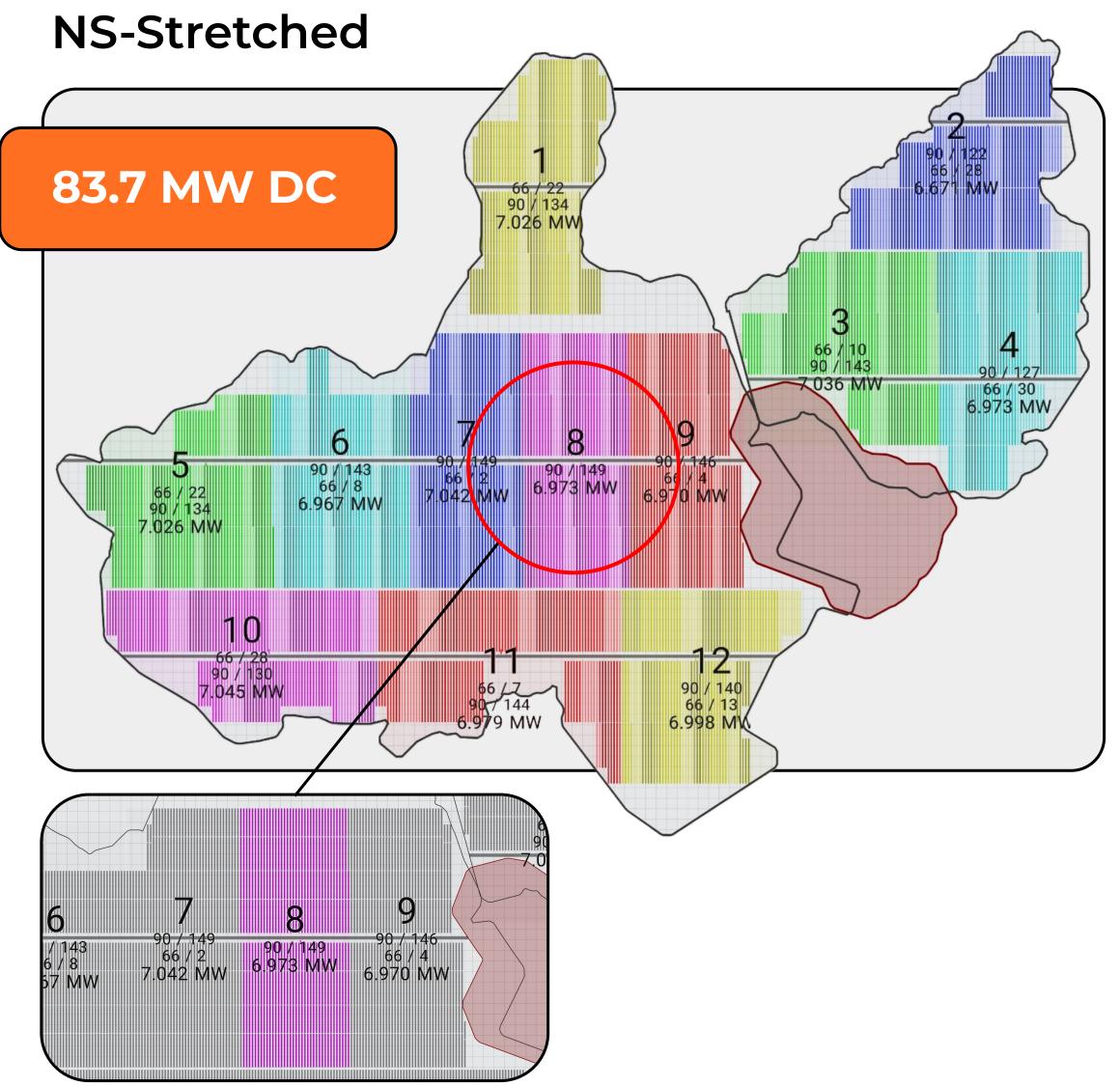
Blocks: Block Aspect Ratio



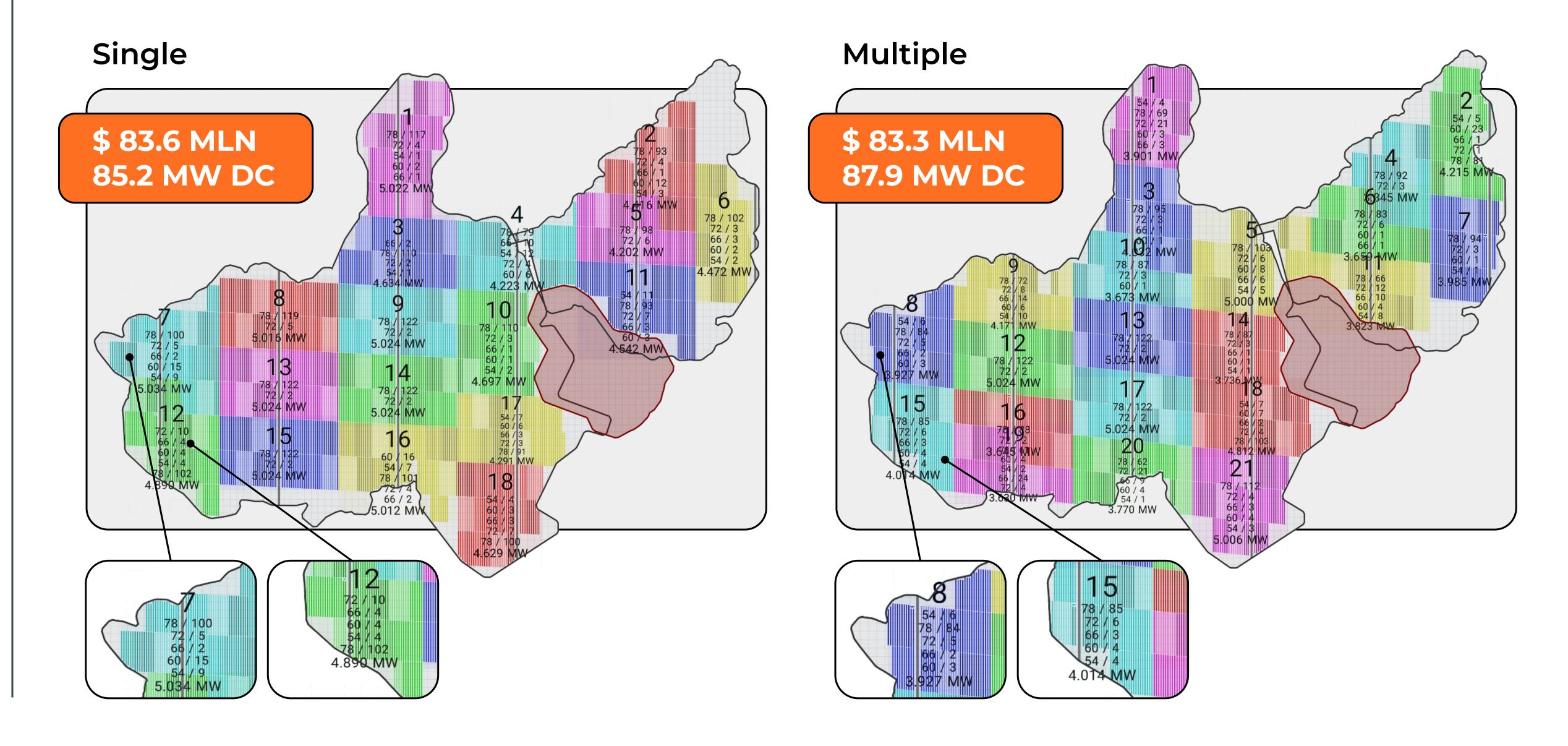


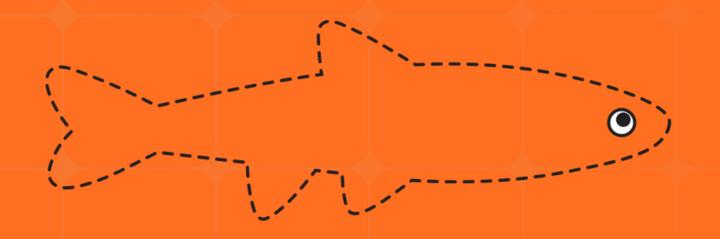
Roads: Placeholders



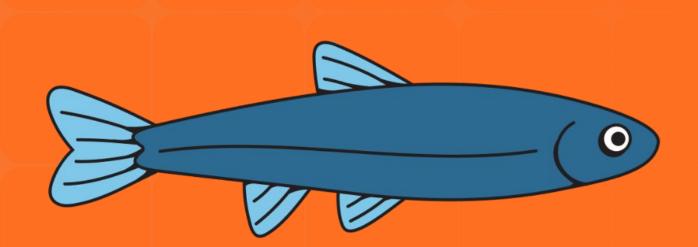


Blocks: Inverter Mix

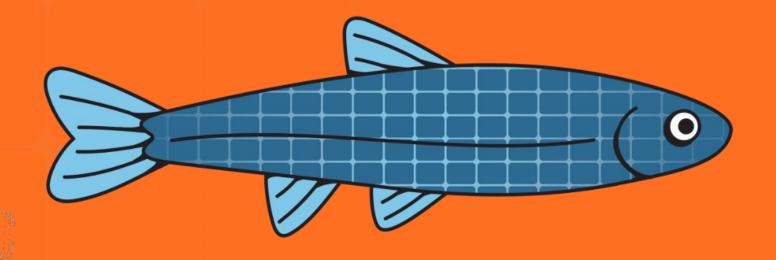


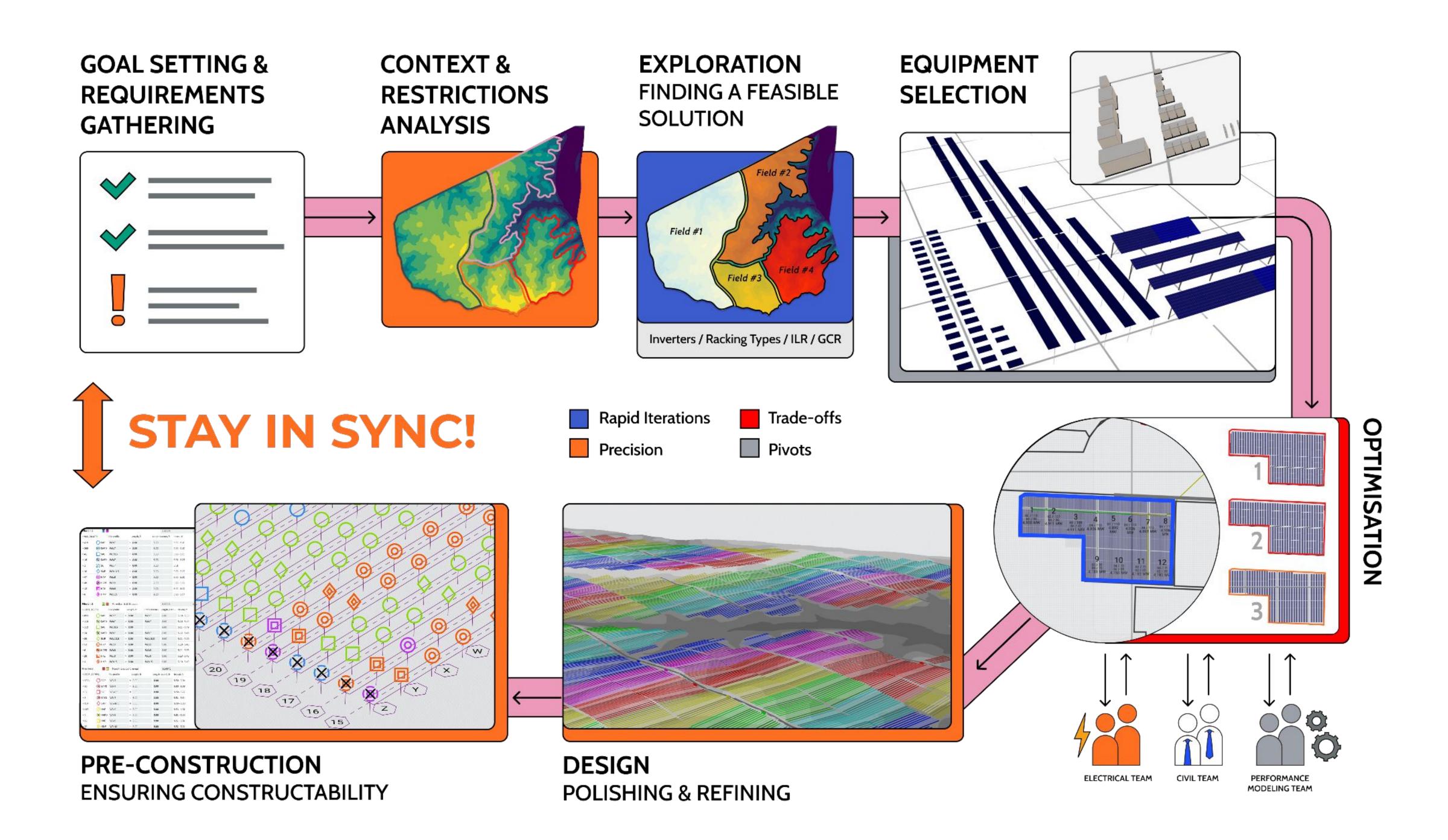


Layouts Evolution



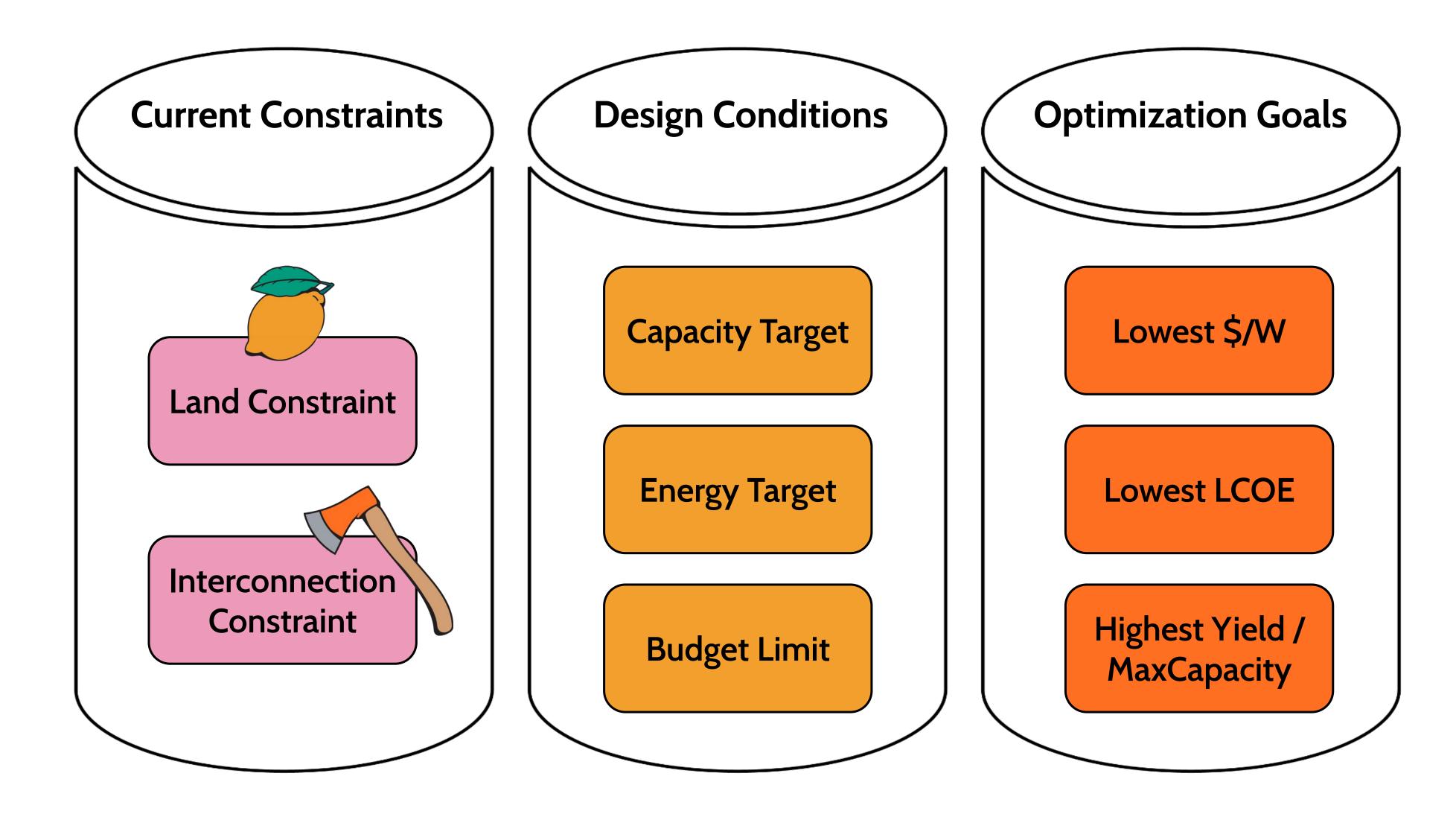
Layouts evolve naturally, guided by the available data





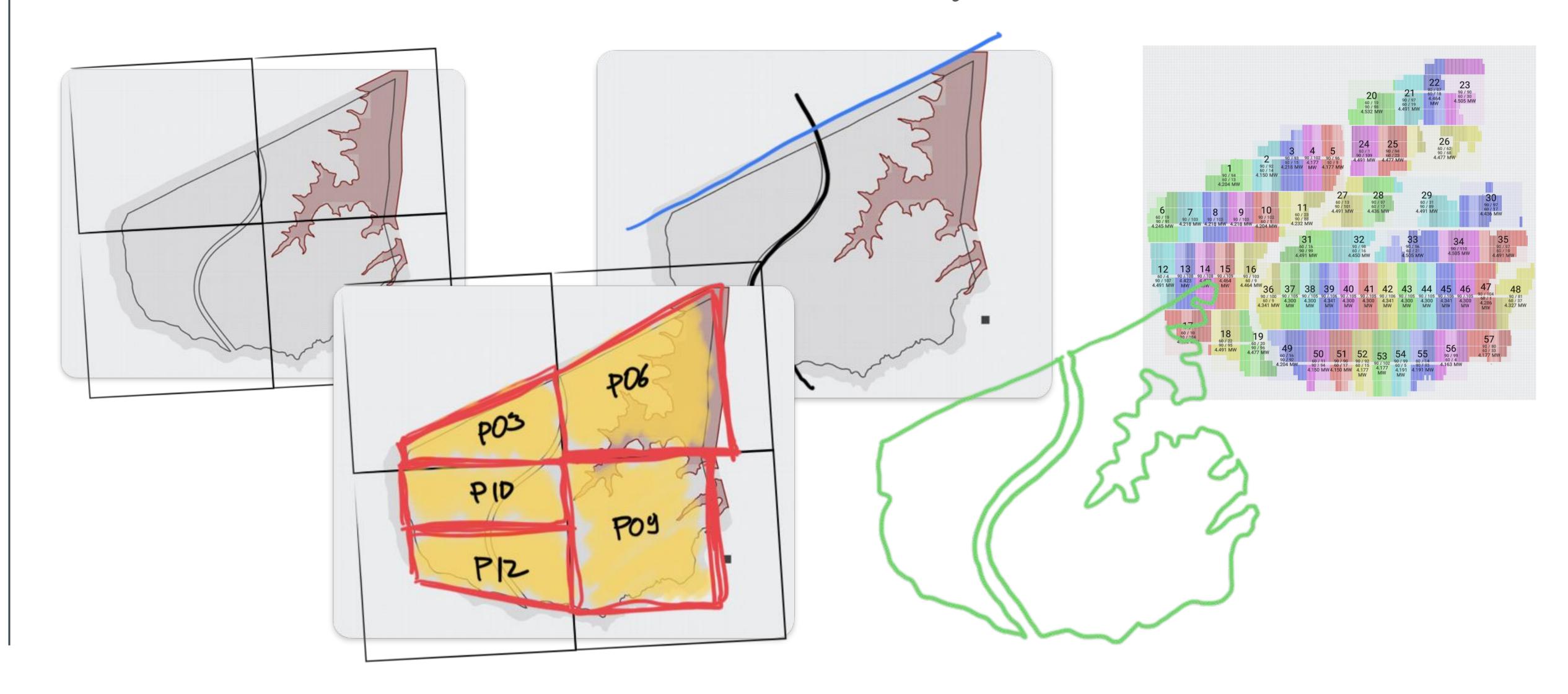
Goal Setting & Requirements Gathering

The essence of strategy is choosing what not to do



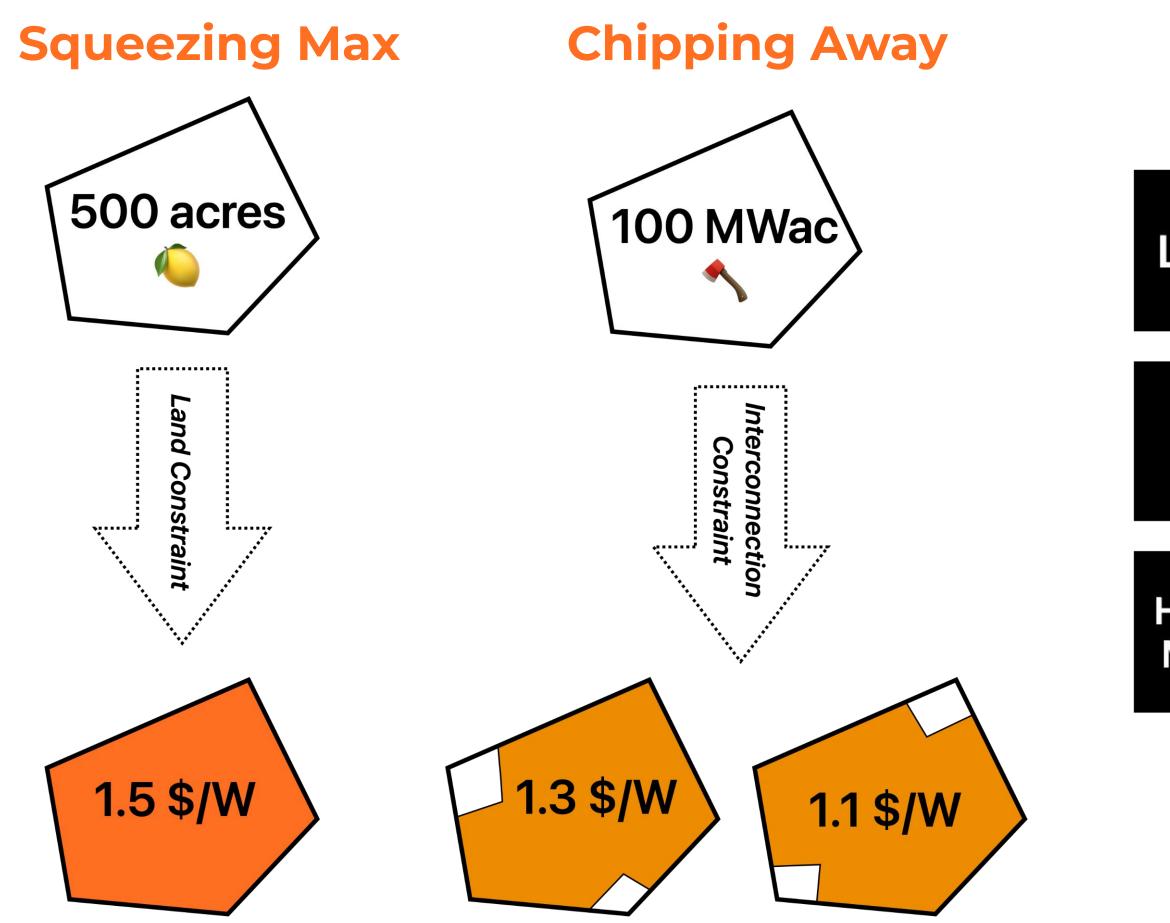
Context Analysis

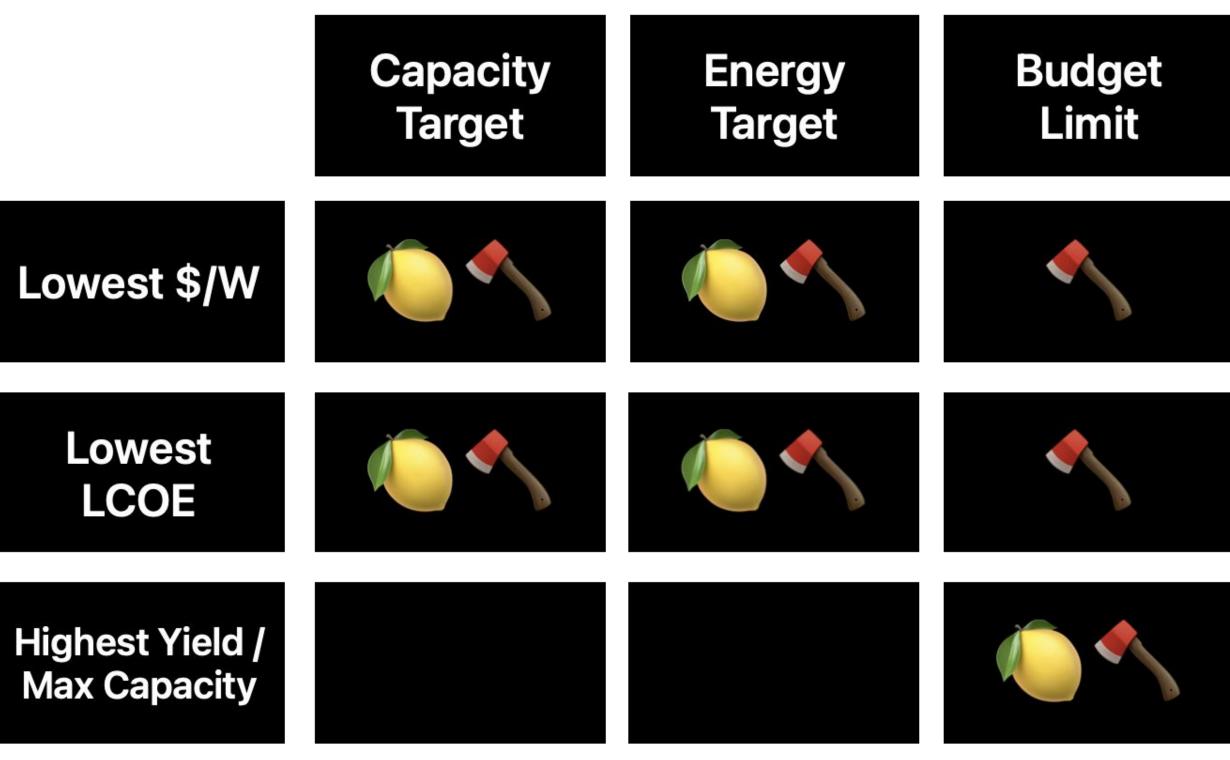
 $Section \rightarrow Parcel \rightarrow Site\ Area \rightarrow Buildable\ Area \rightarrow Solar\ Layout$



Restrictions Analysis

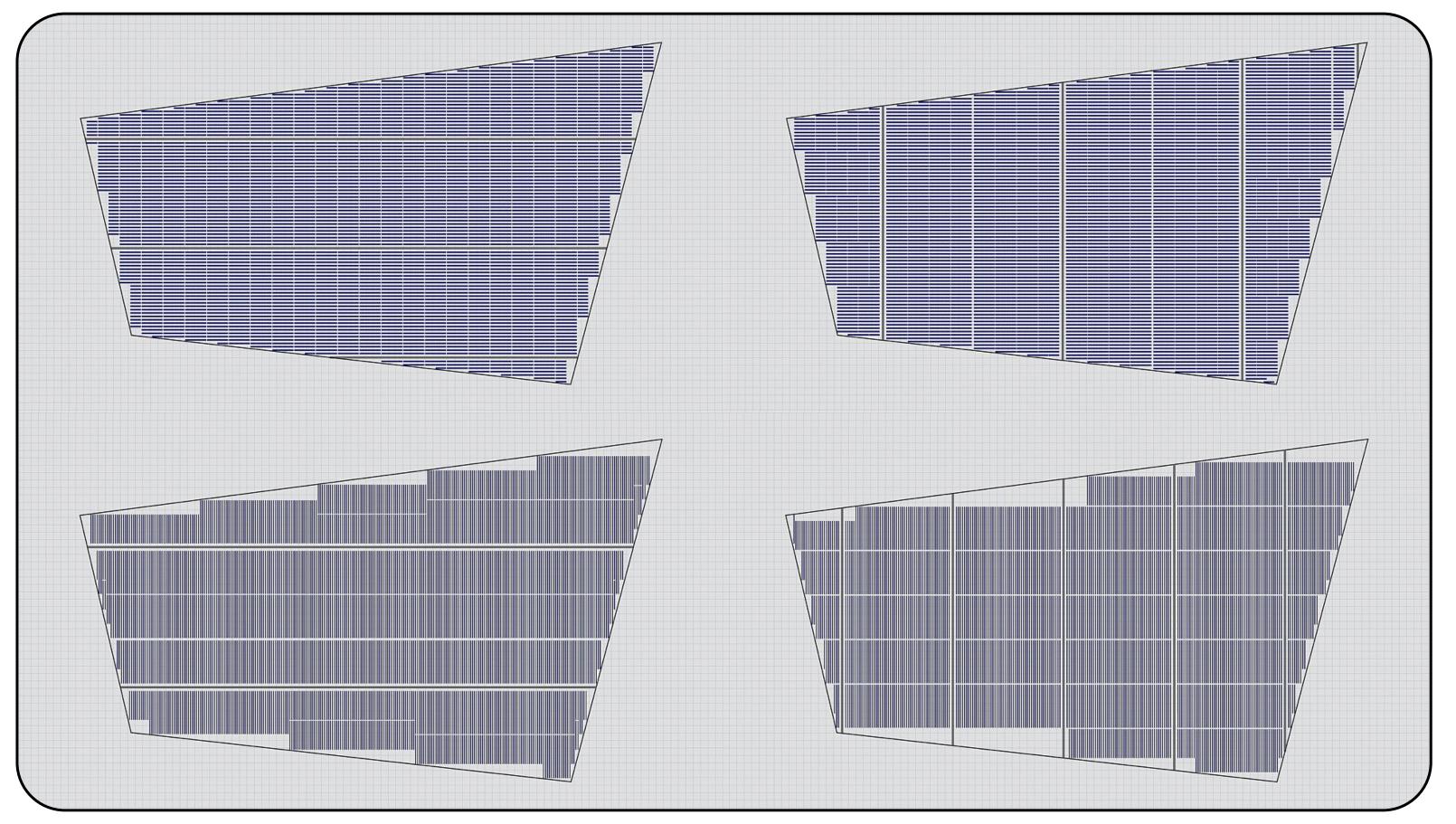
Optimization uncovers opportunities by eliminating what doesn't work

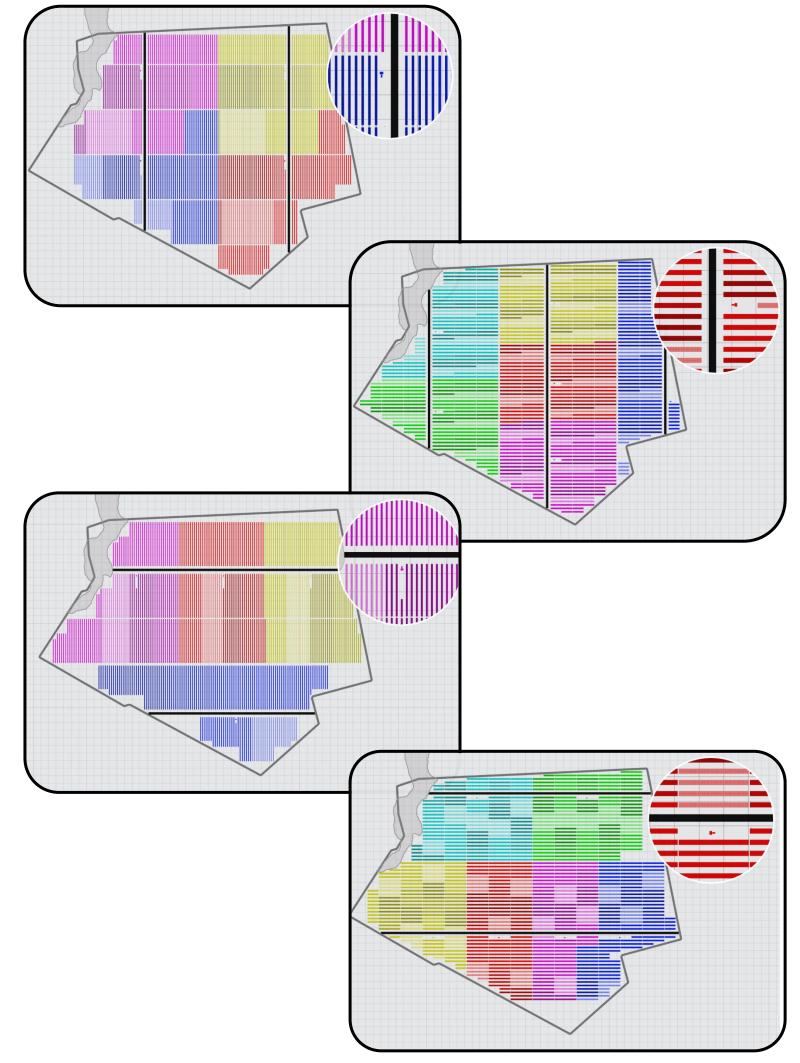




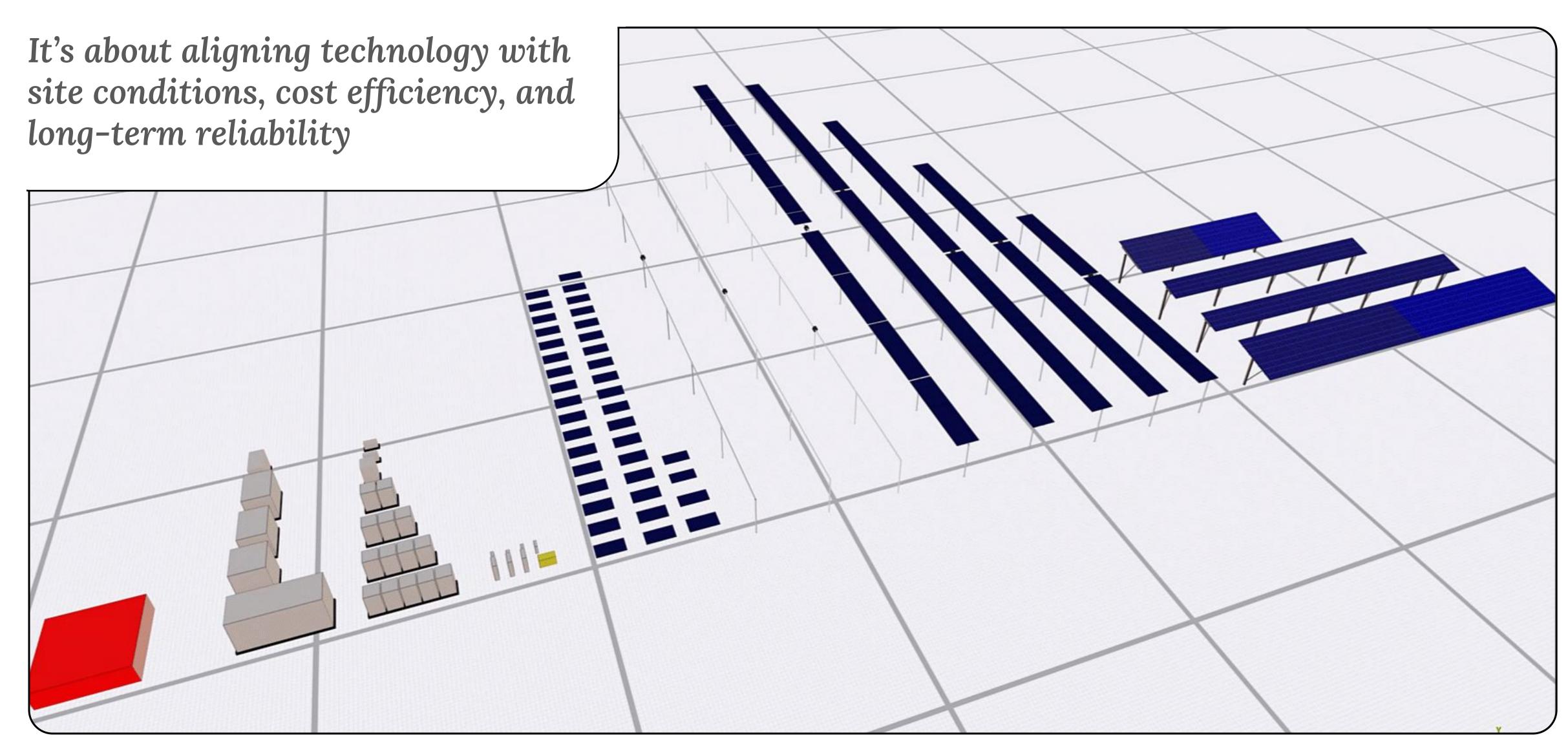
Exploration: Finding a Feasible Solution

It's about uncovering possibilities, testing boundaries, and refining what works within constraints



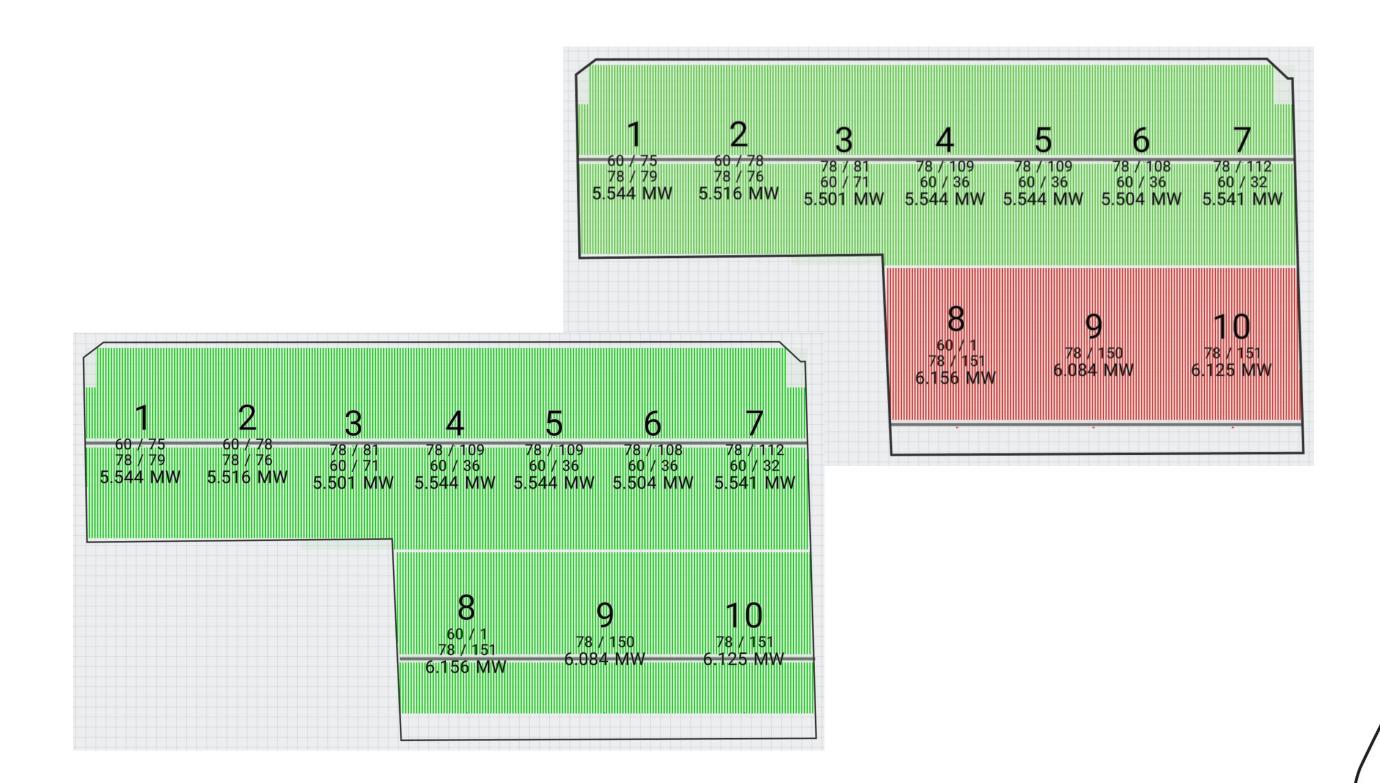


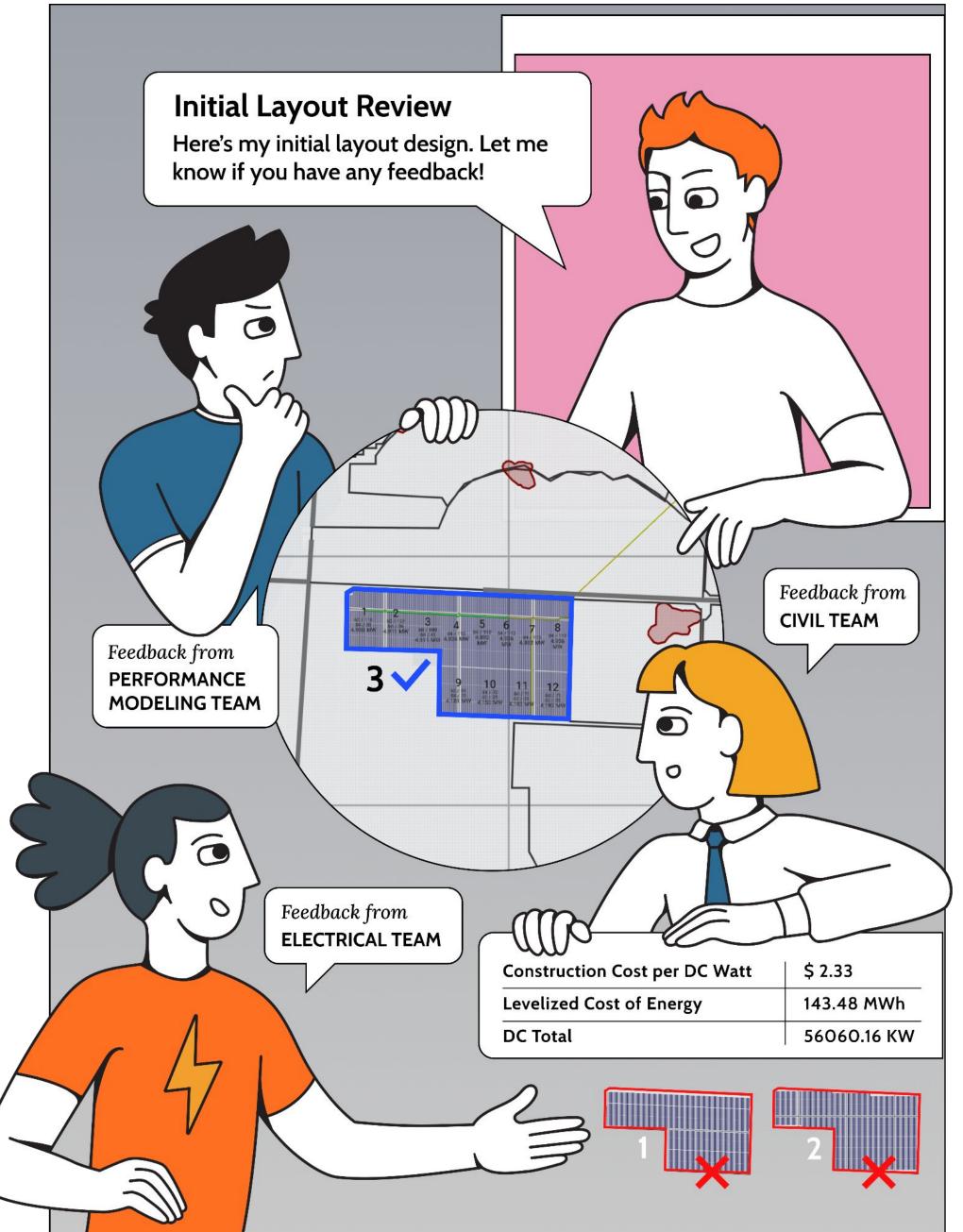
Equipment Selection



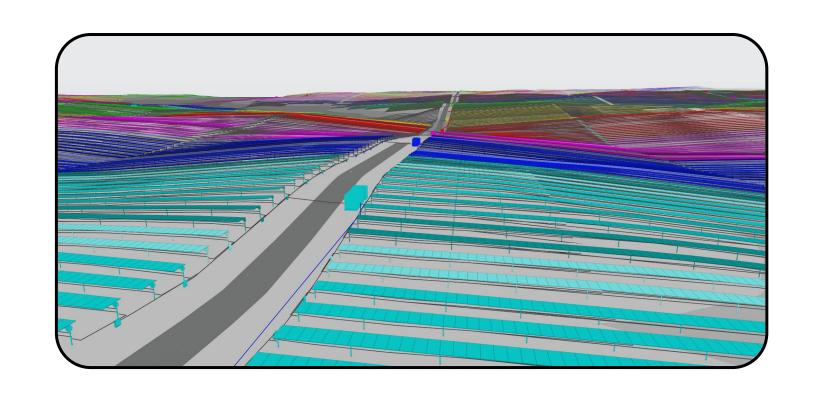
Optimisation: Iterating Trade-Offs

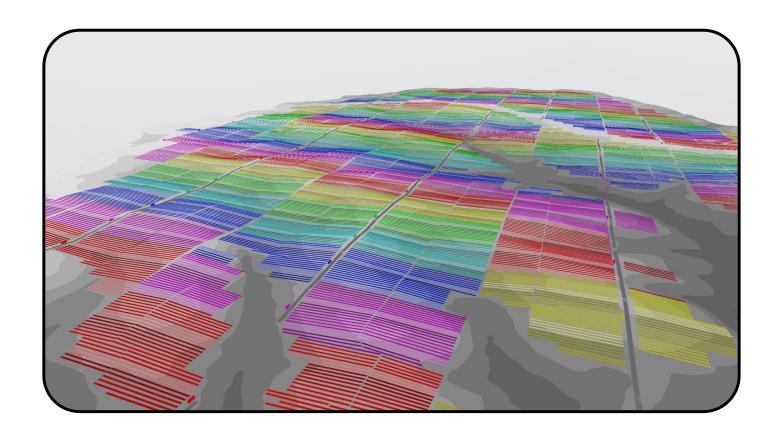
Feedback loops drive smarter trade-offs, refining efficiency with every iteration

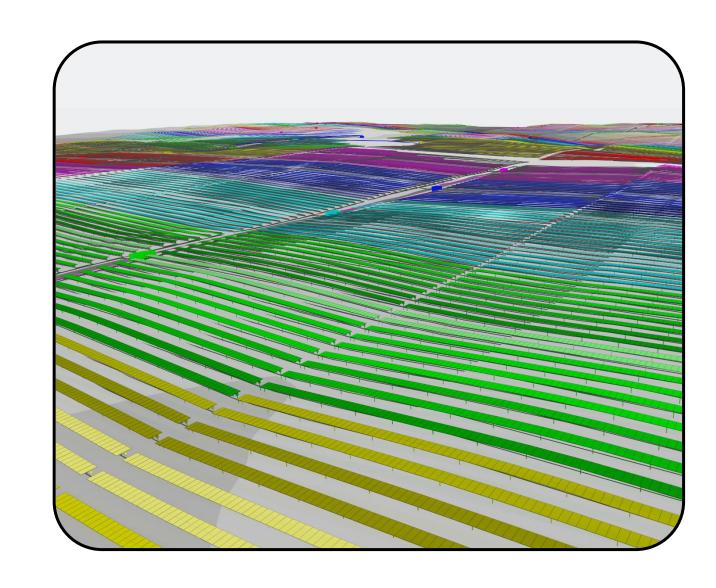


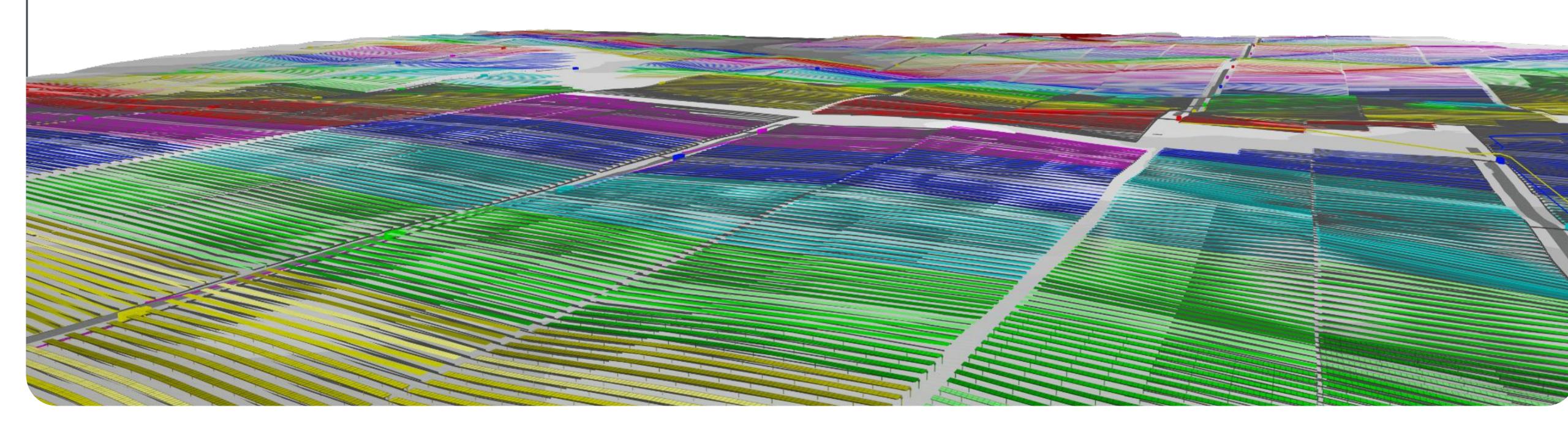


Design: Polishing & Refining





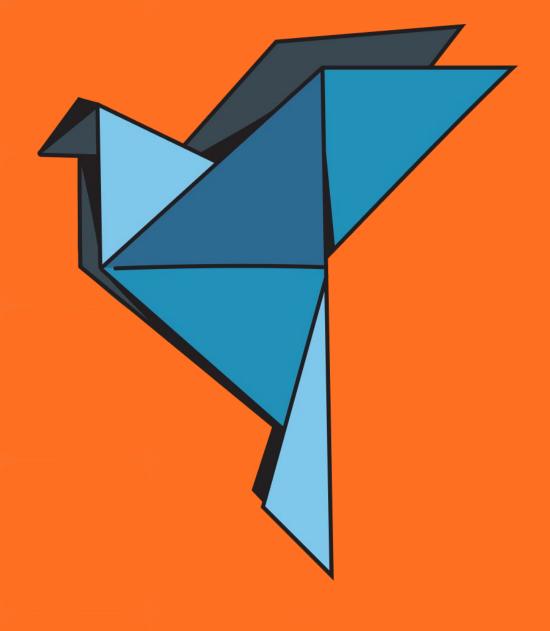




Pre-Construction: Ensuring Constructability



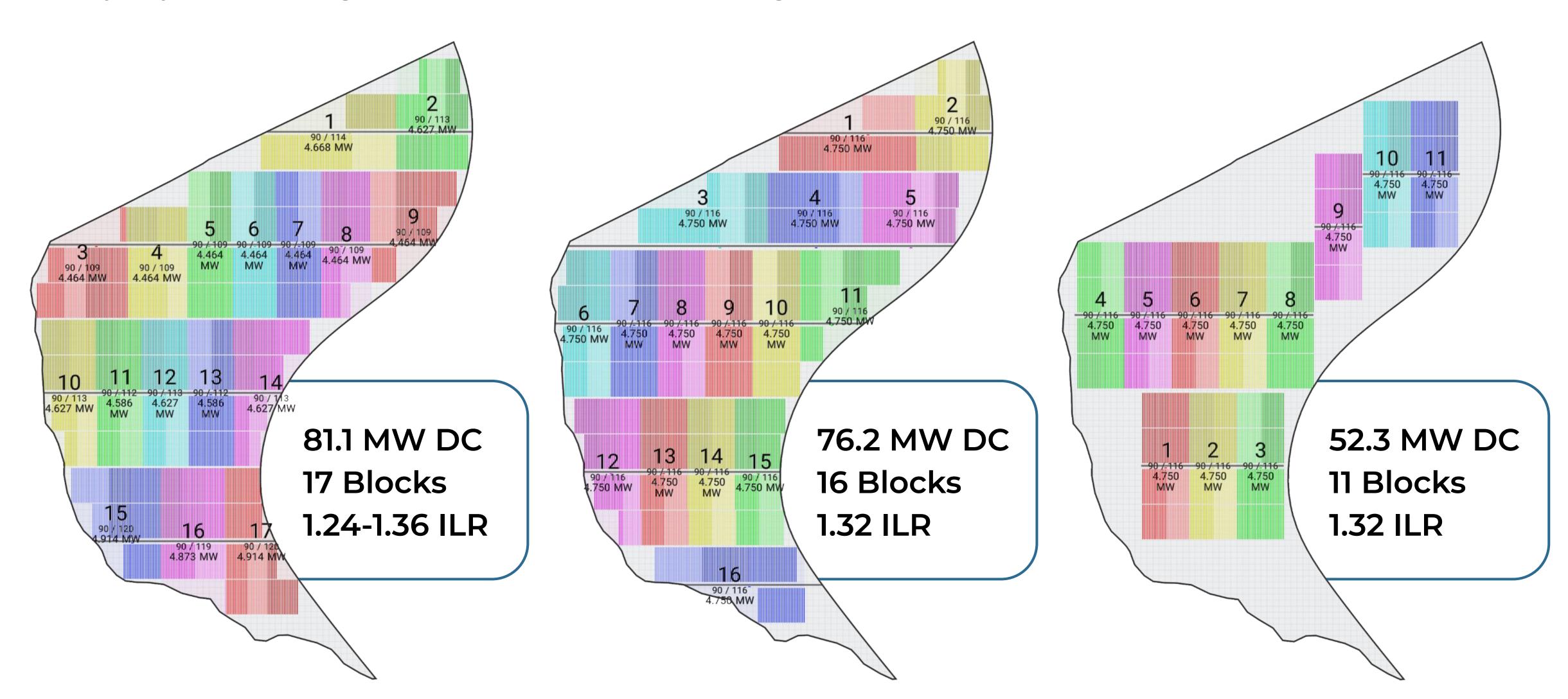
A'Good Enough' Layout



A good enough layout isn't about chasing perfection but about making the right decisions at the right time — practical, well-informed, and adaptable for future evolution

Which one is good enough?

Every layout is a negotiation between competing priorities



The Contradictions of 'Good Enough'

Great design is about embracing contradictions

A layout needs to be consistent...

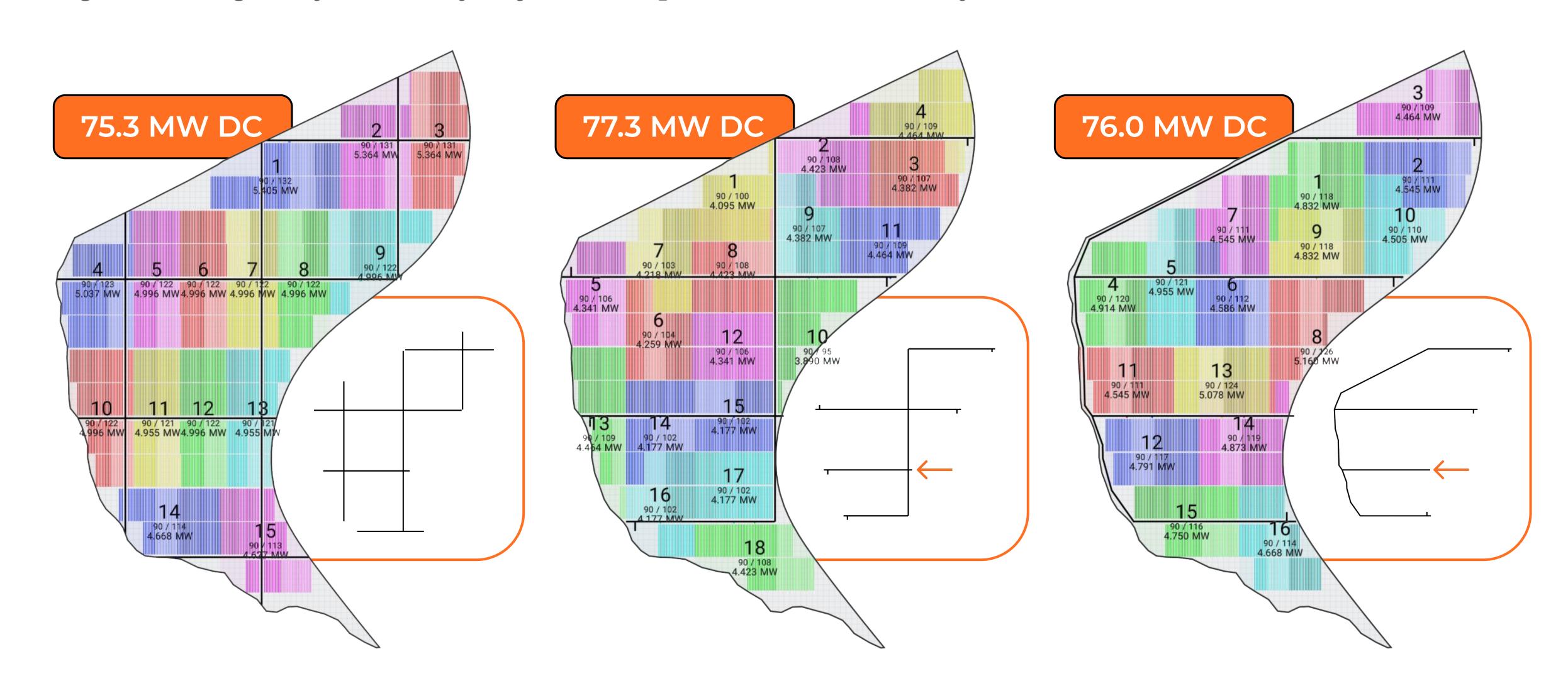
unless we need more DC capacity!

We aim for rectangular, unified blocks...
unless the site constraints force adjustments!

Blocks should remain compact unless grading makes it too costly!

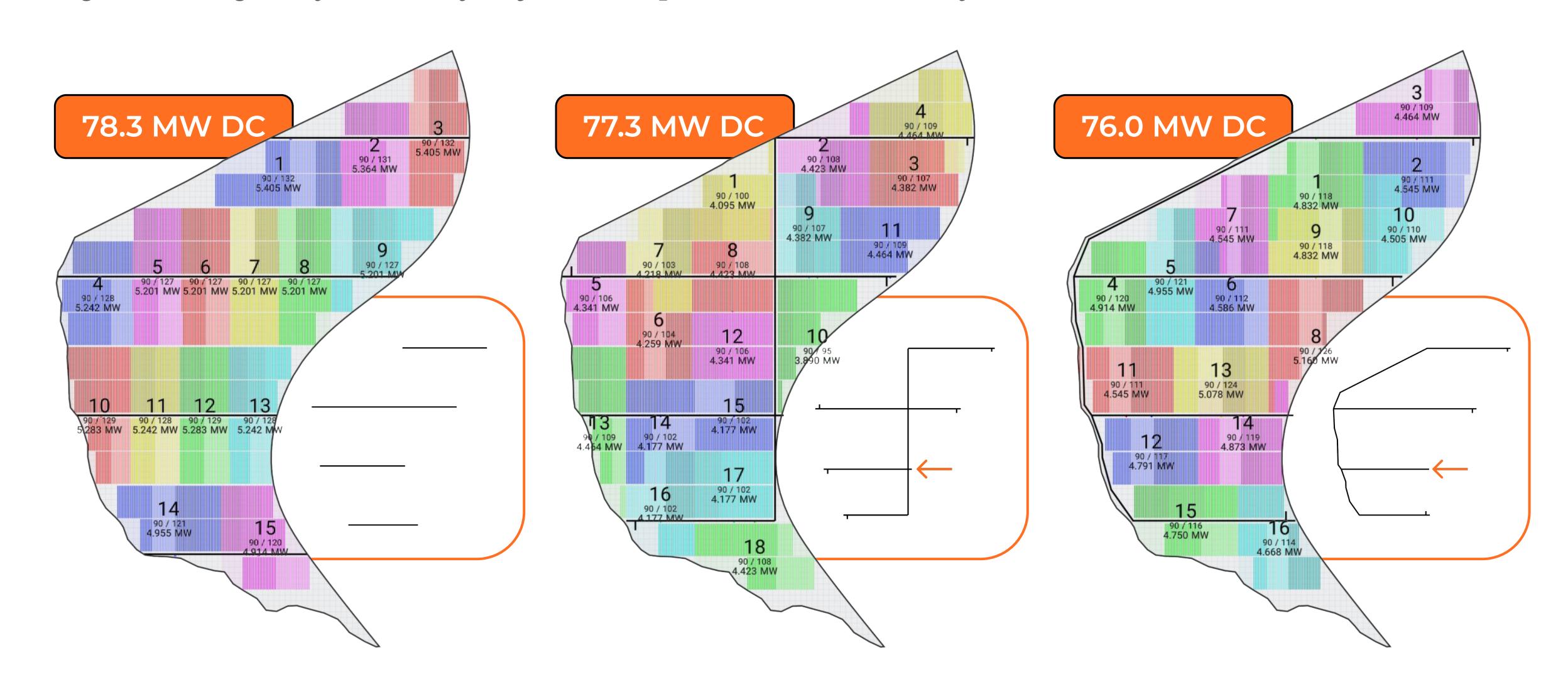
'Good Enough' is a Snapshot in Time

A 'good enough' layout today is just a step toward a better layout tomorrow



'Good Enough' is a Snapshot in Time

A 'good enough' layout today is just a step toward a better layout tomorrow

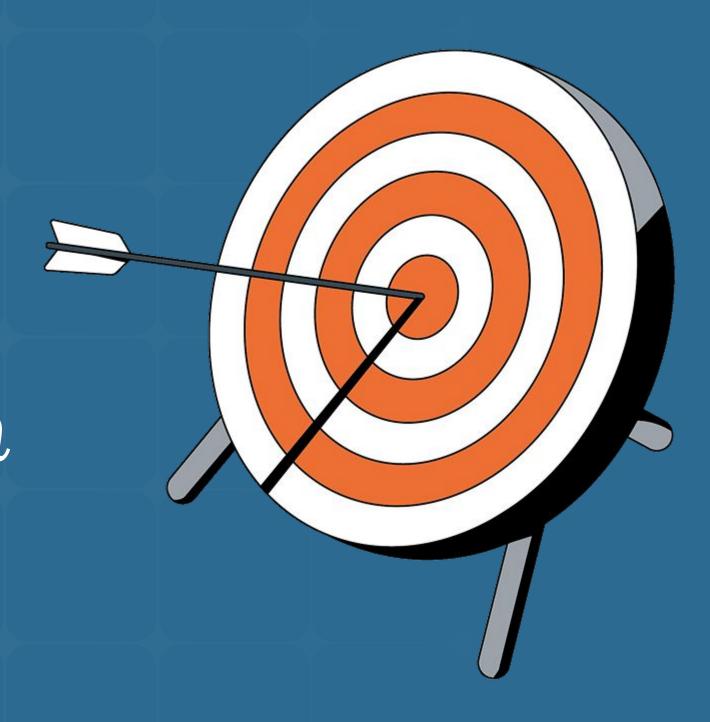


Takeaway: 'Good Enough' is Not One Answer

- It depends on project goals or what matters most at a given moment
- It's about balancing trade-offs, not perfection
- It's a moving target, shifting with new data, constraints and optimisation goals

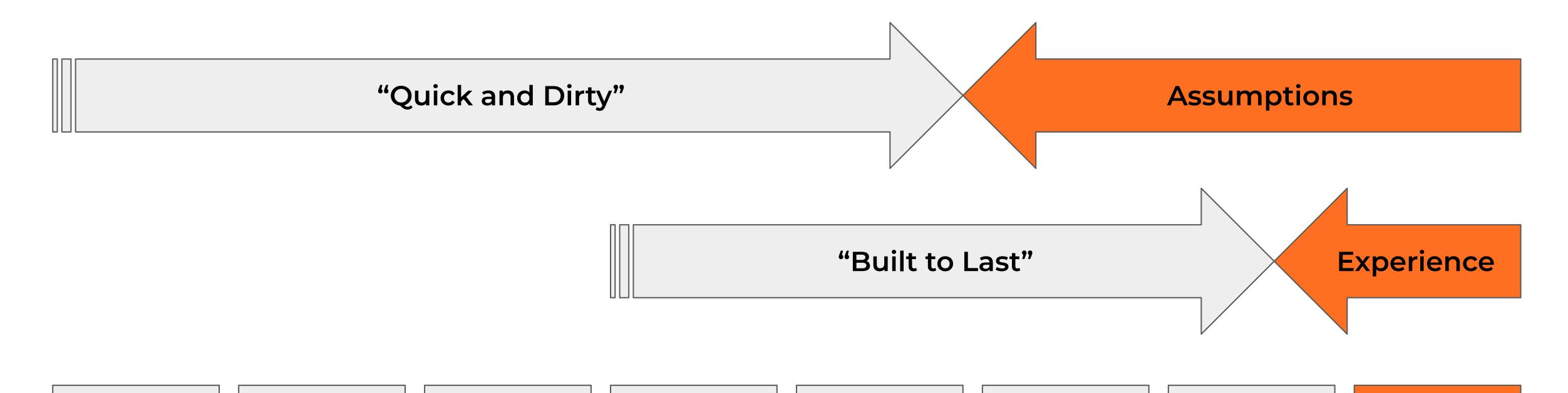
Quick & Dirty vs. Built to Last

Driven by the data available at each stage, a layout evolves from quick and dirty to buildable, while long-term efficiency considerations transform it into something built to last.



Balancing Insights, Available Data, and Timing

Making "Quick and Dirty" good enough is about assumptions and risk management. Making "Built to Last" good enough is about polishing and ensuring buildability and lifecycle optimisation



Goal Settings & Requirements
Gathering

Context &
Restrictions
Analysis

Exploration:
Finding a Feasible
Solution

Equipment Selection

Optimization: Iterating Trade-offs

Design: Polishing & Refining

Pre-Construction:
Ensuring
Constructability

Construction O&M



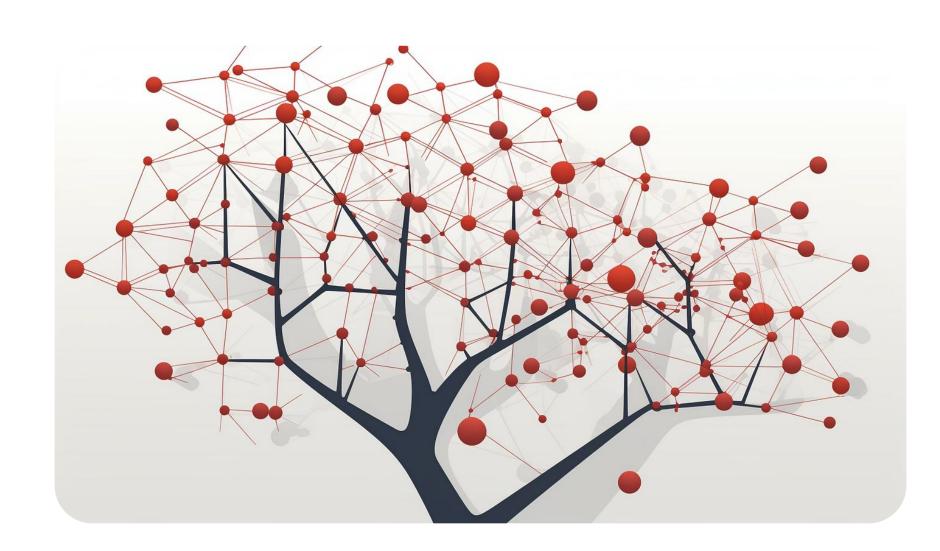


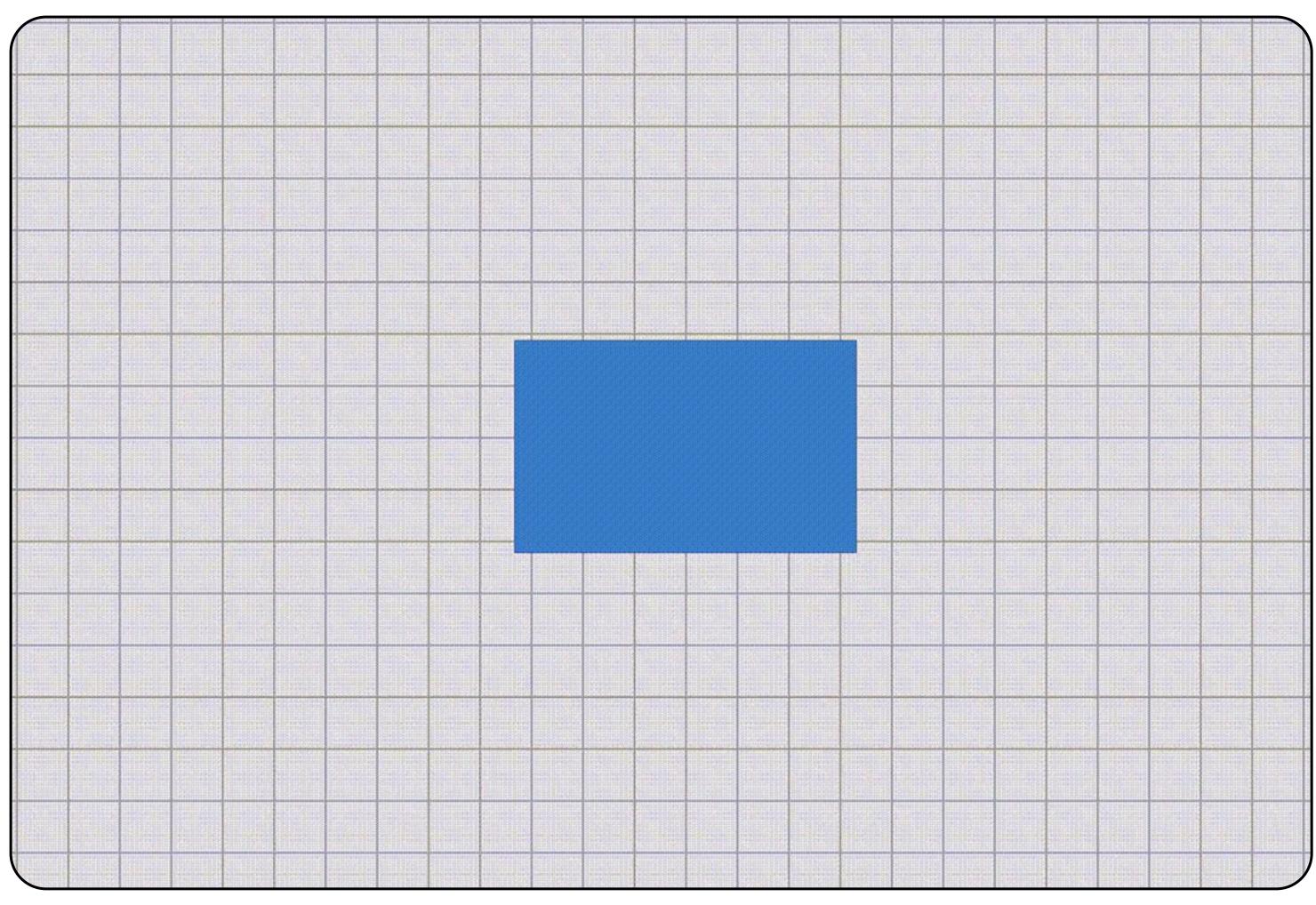
There's more than one way to do it right—it all depends on the context, including inputs, goals, and constraints

Layout Hierarchy

Everything runs in sync, seamlessly connected to generate energy

- → String
 - → Table group
 - → Combiner group
 - → Block
 - → Medium voltage group
 - → Layout





Different Paths to a Layout

The order in which you build defines what you optimize for

Fitting layout with tables

Grouping tables into blocks

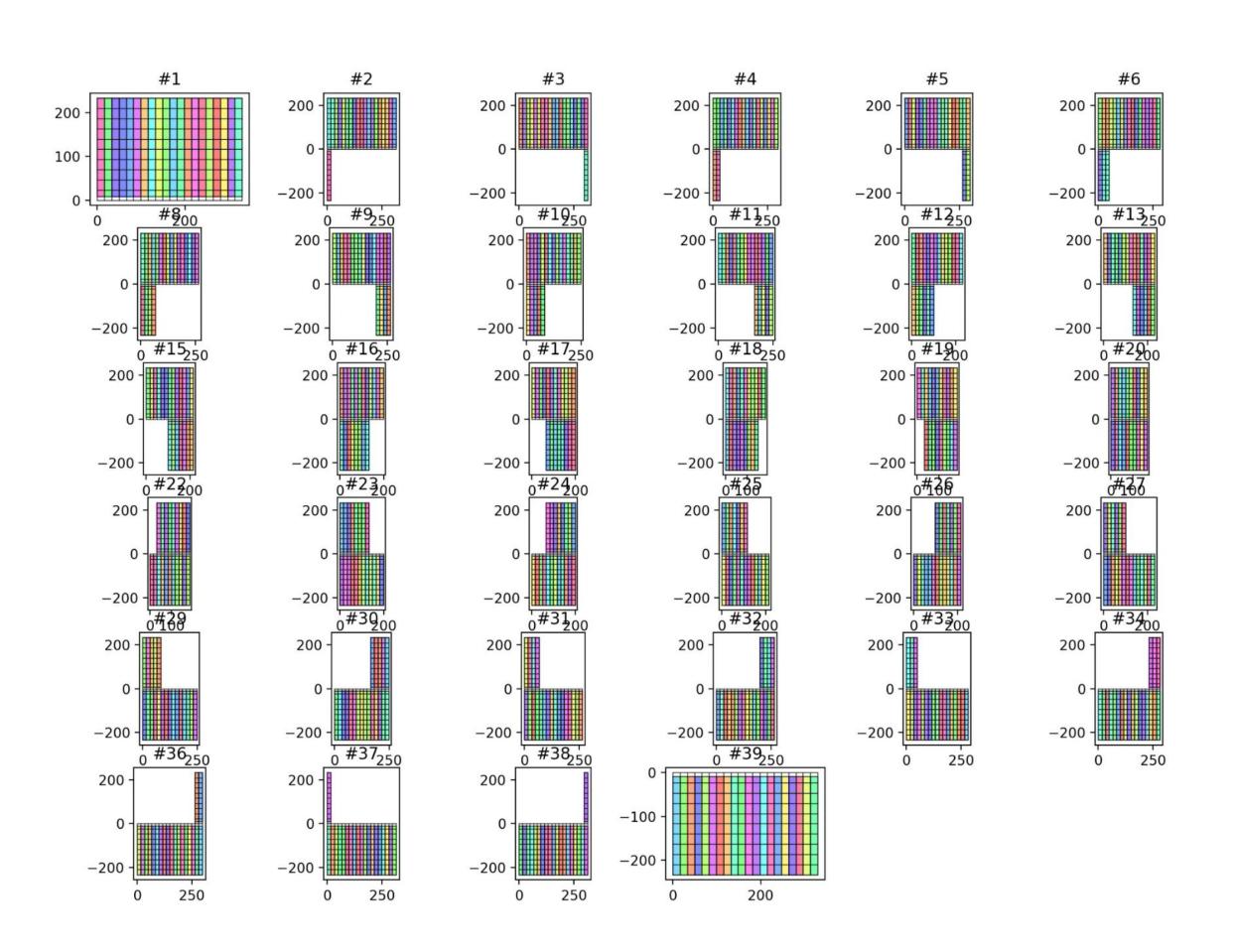
Splitting blocks into combiner groups

Fitting layout with premade combiner groups

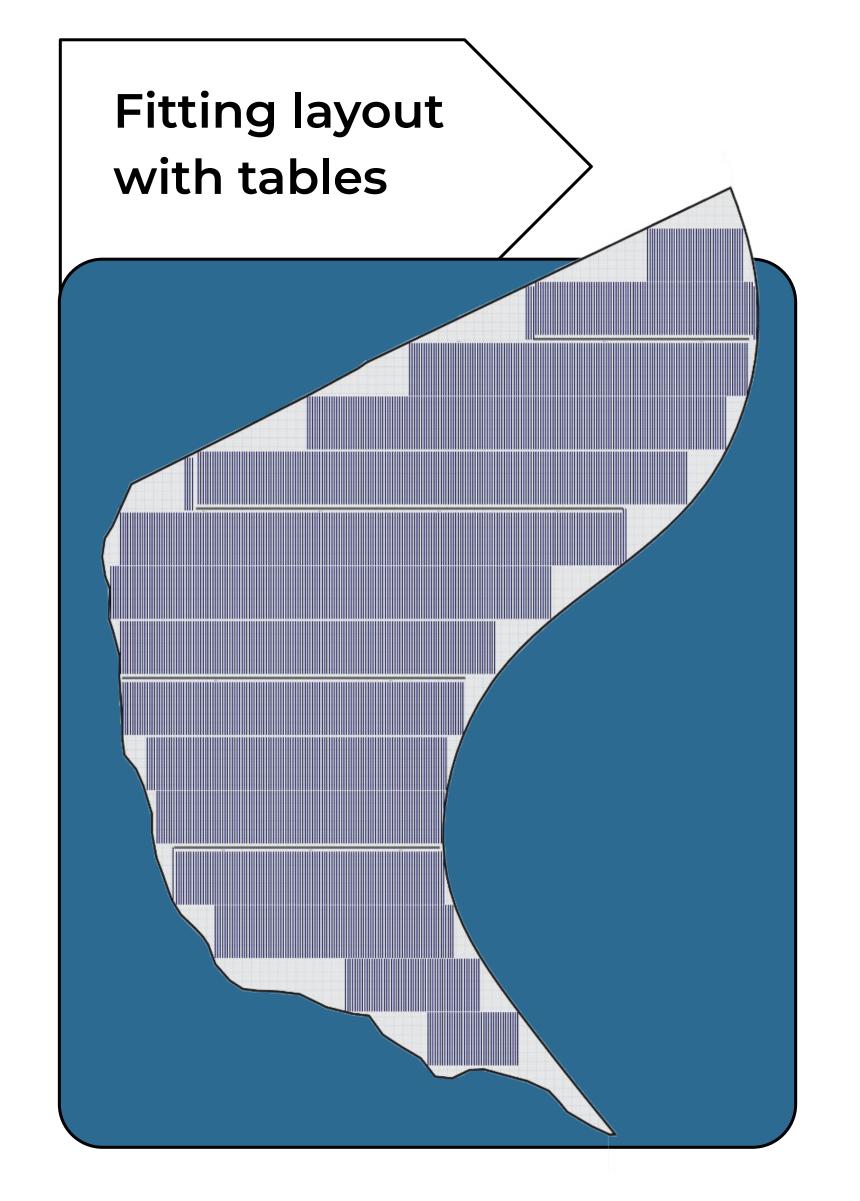
Grouping combiner groups into blocks

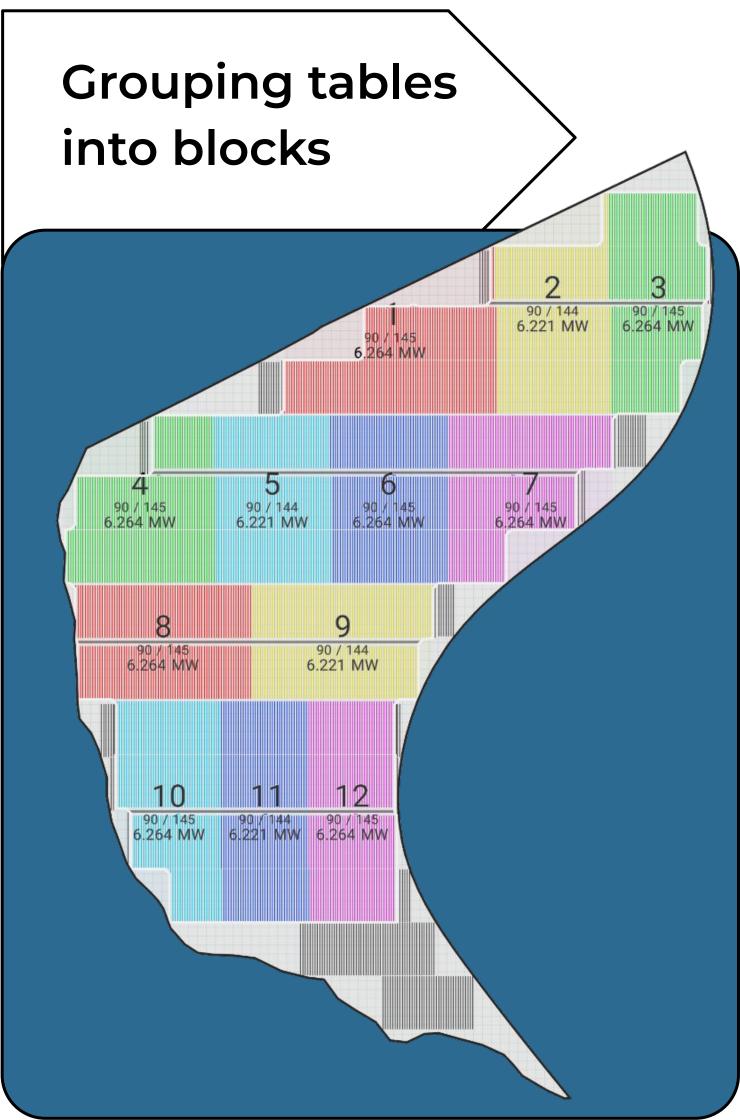
Fitting layout with premade blocks

Fitting layout with premade blocks

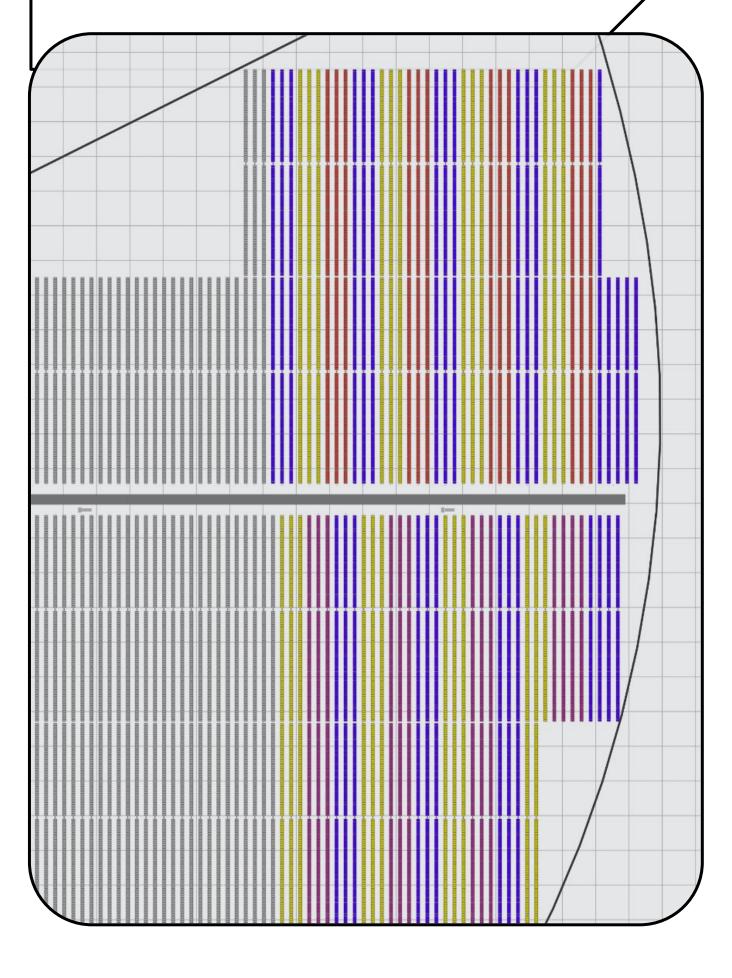


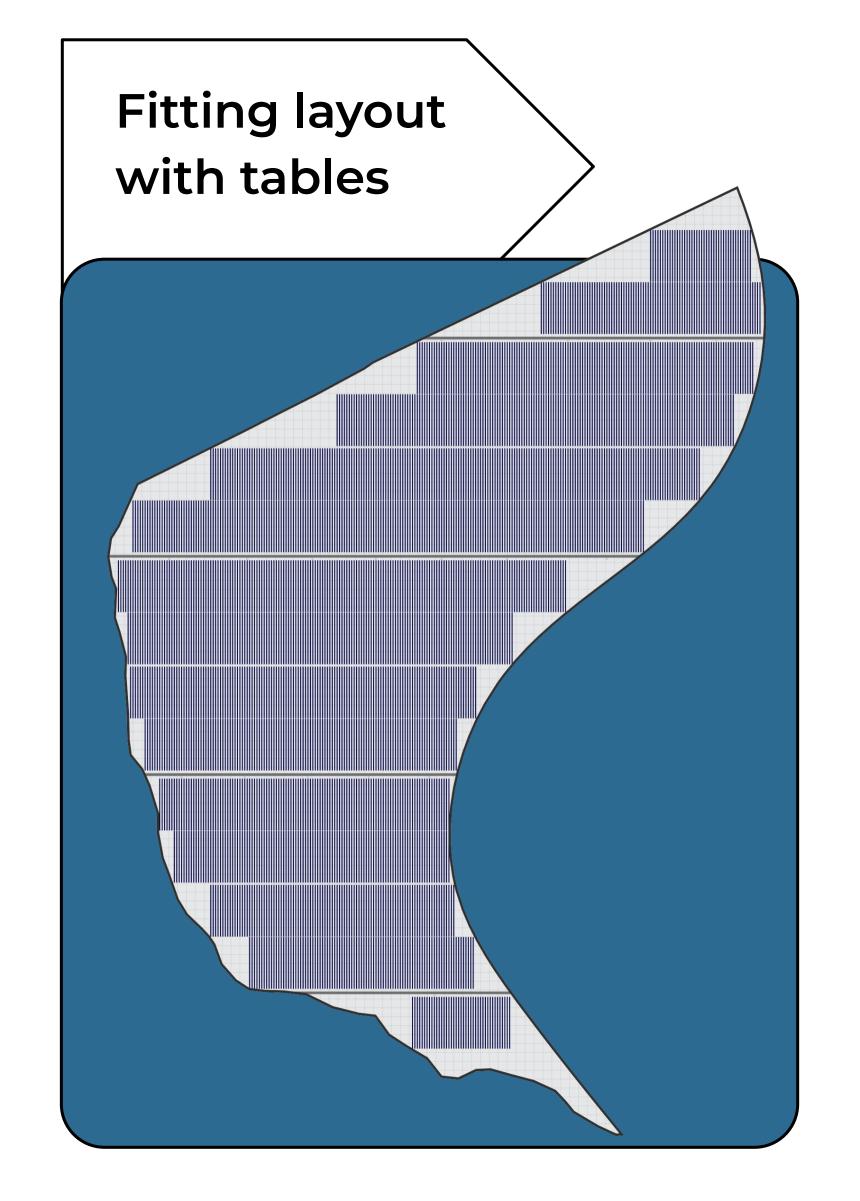


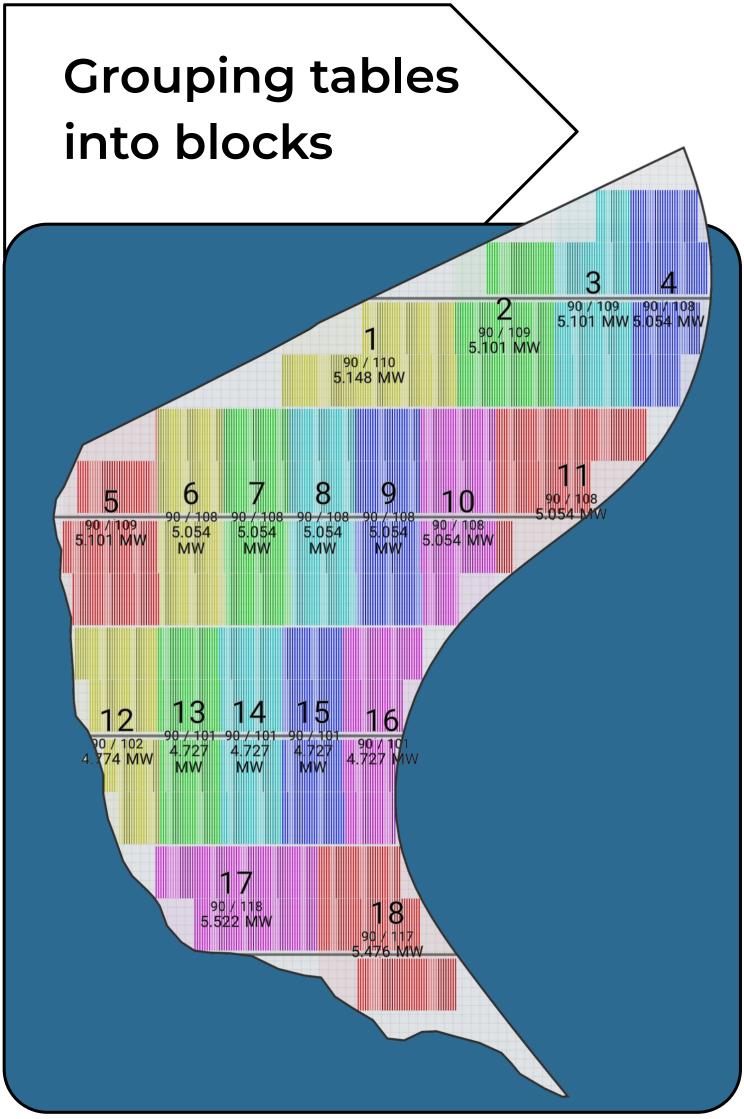




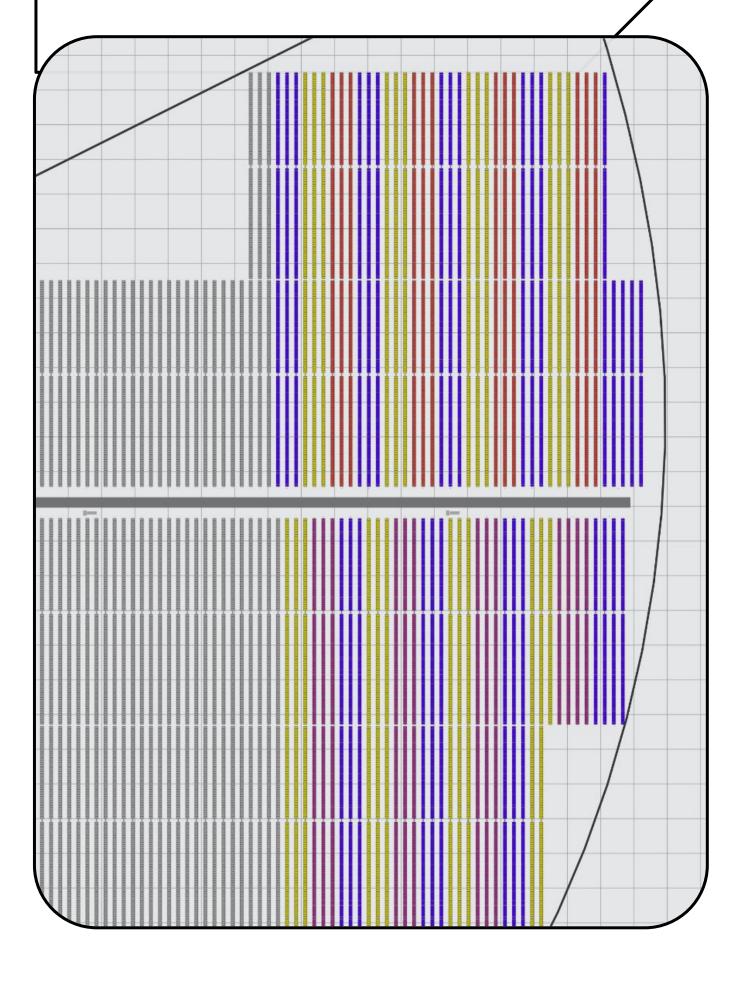






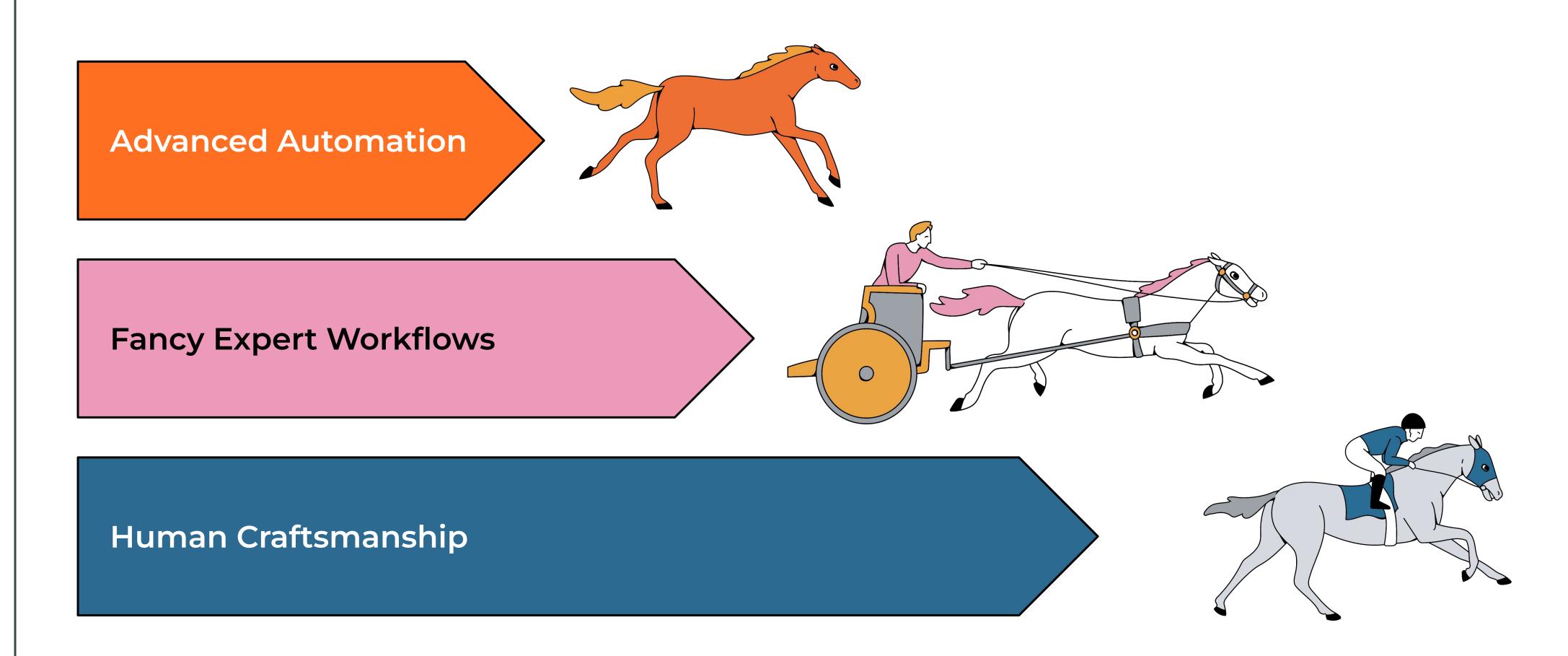






Layout Design Workflows

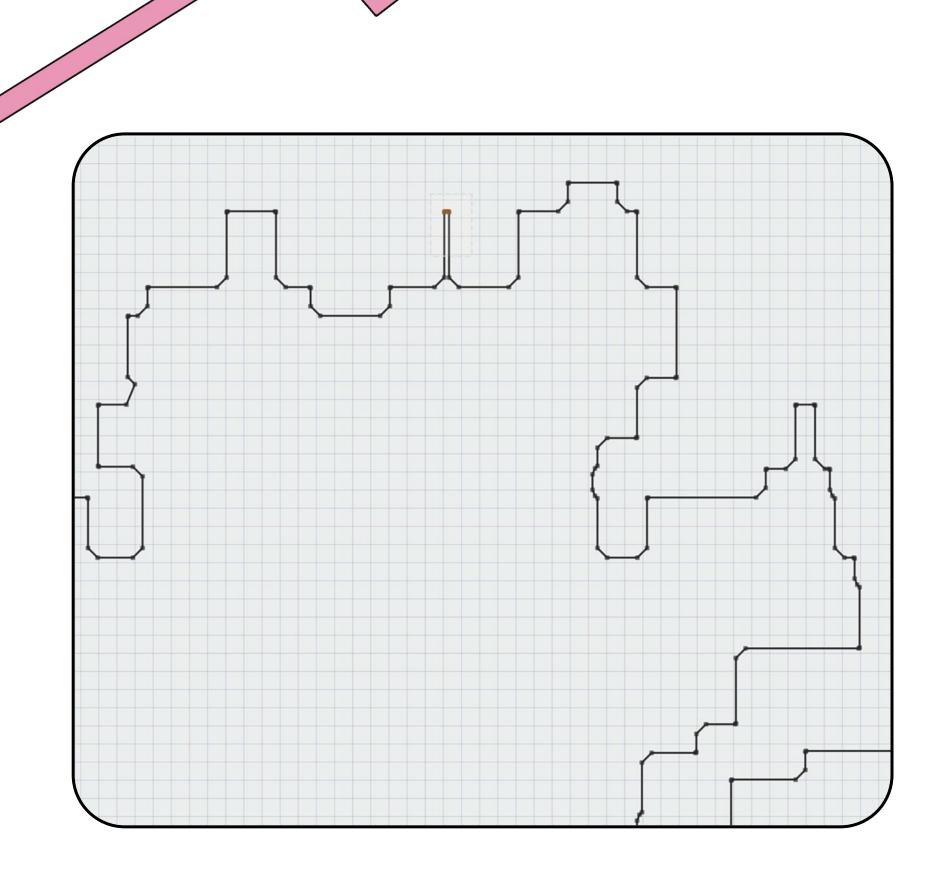
Ranging from fully automated solutions to expert-driven refinement

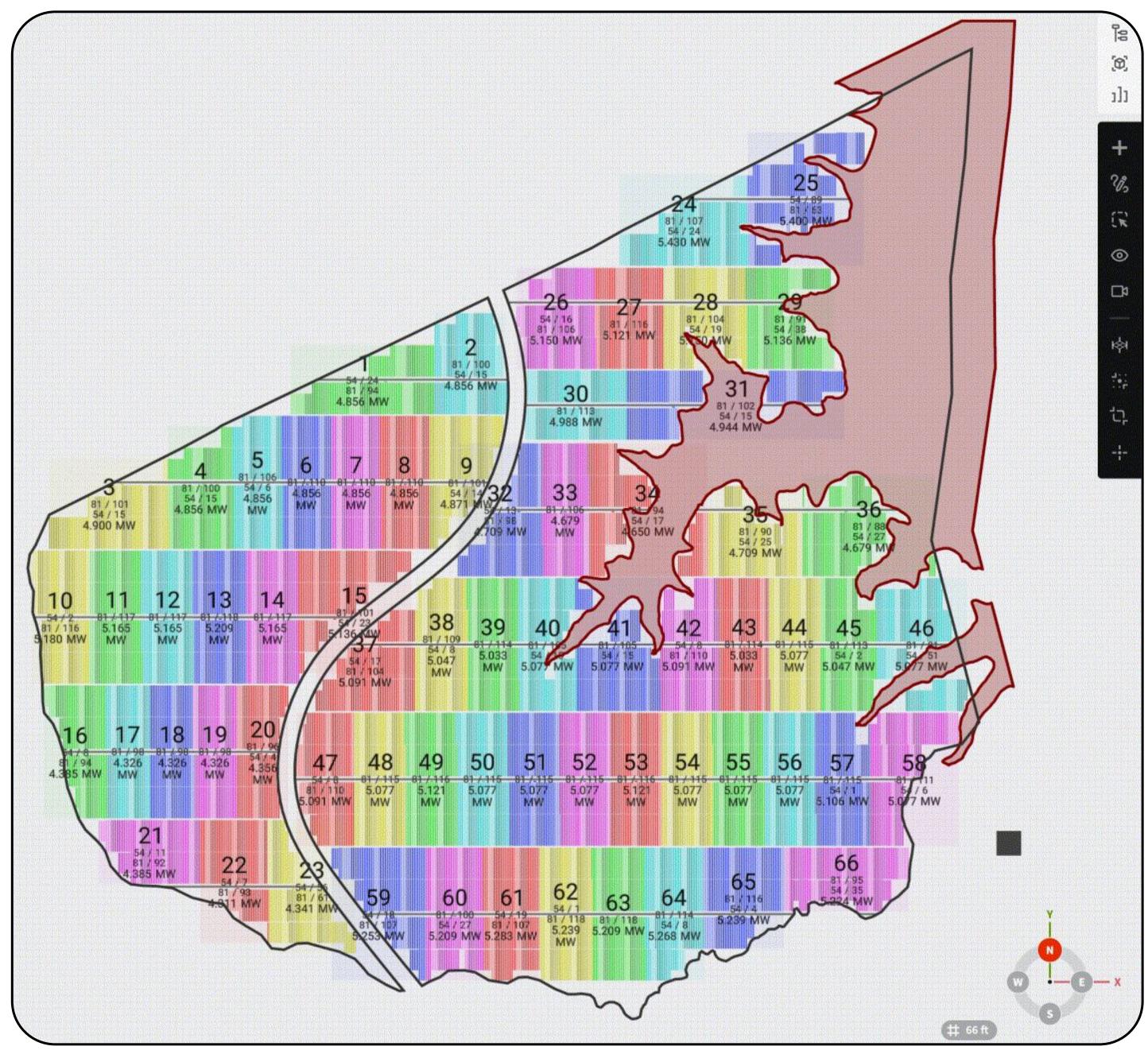


Advanced Automation



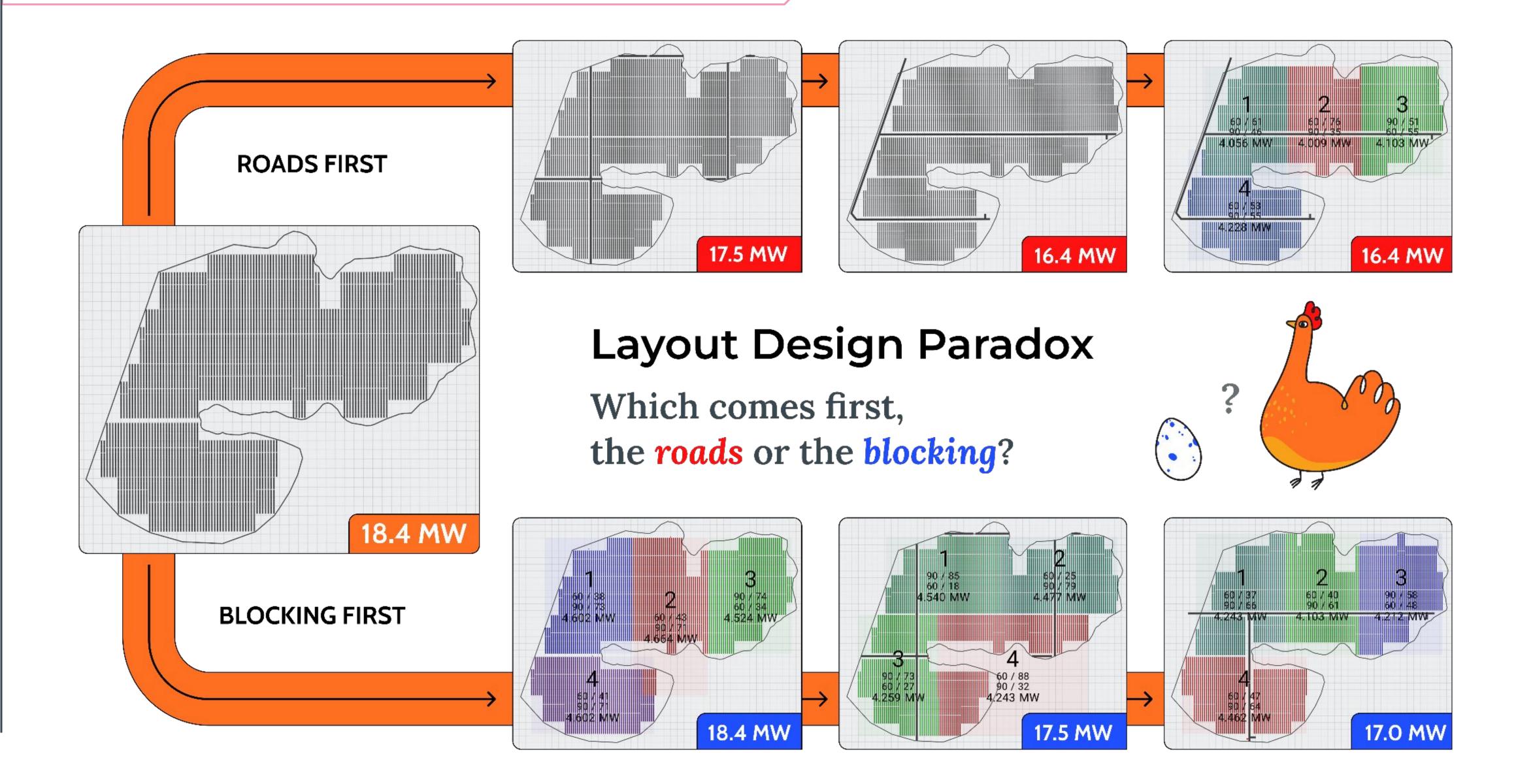
Fancy Expert Workflows





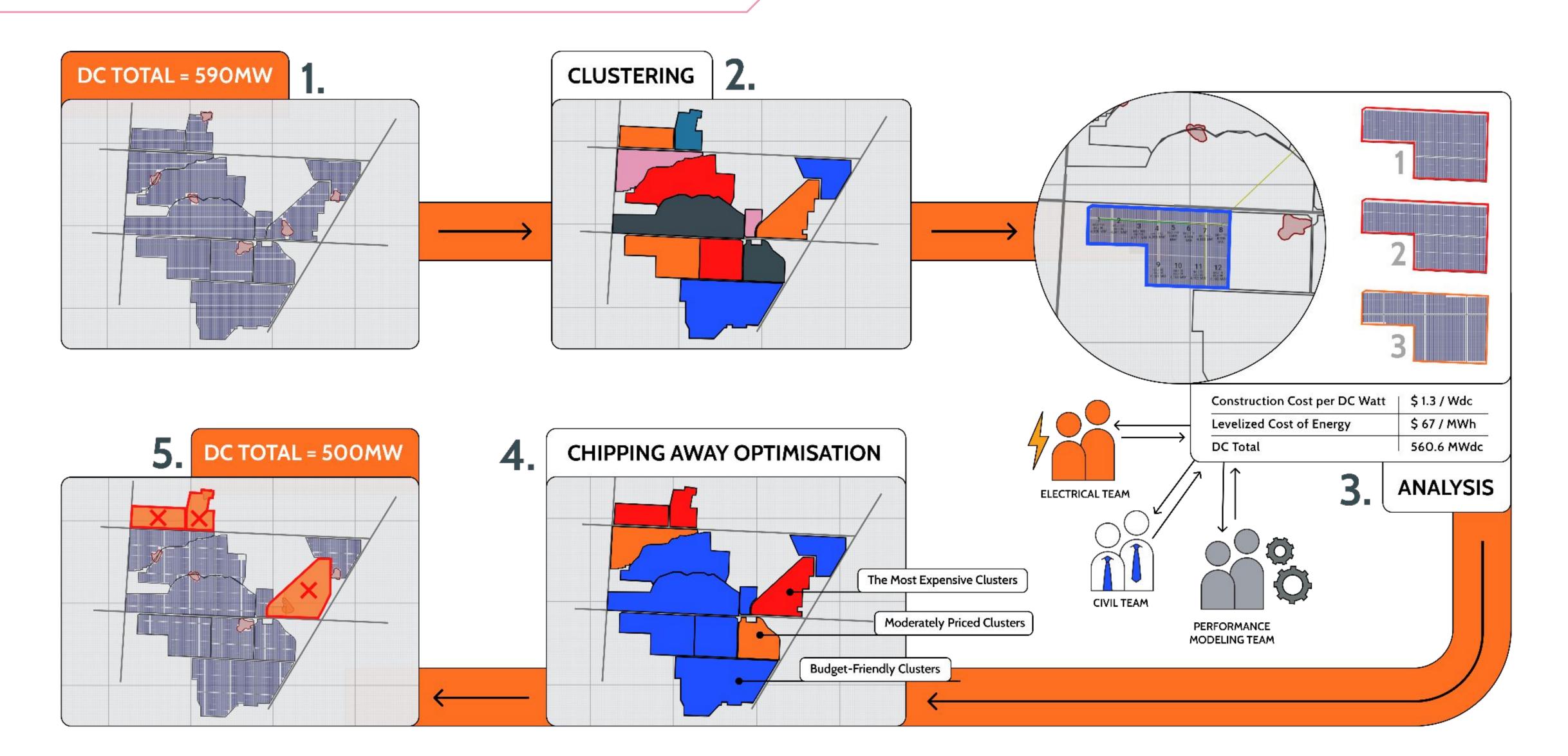
Fancy Expert Workflows

(Roads vs Blocking)

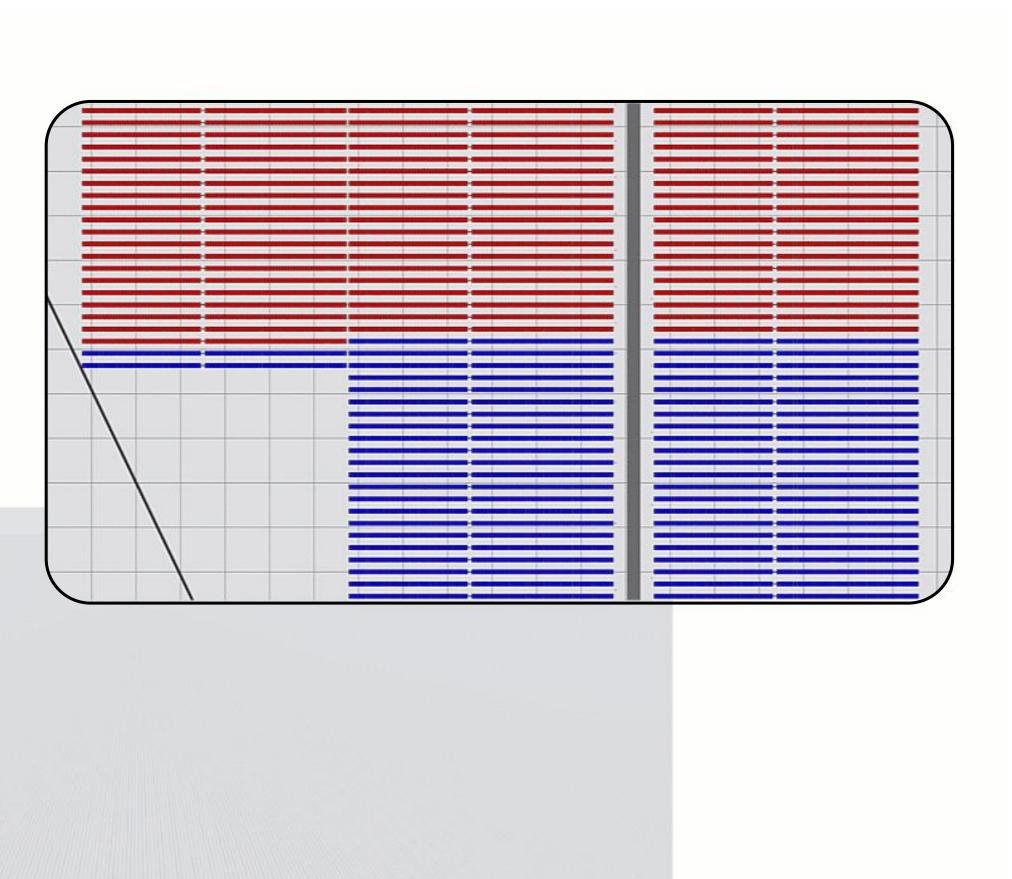


Fancy Expert Workflows

(Chipping Away Optimisation)



Human Craftsmanship



Thank you!

Any questions?





